



Samsung Medical Center
Sungkyunkwan University
School of Medicine

The Safety of Second Generation DES Is it better now?

Hyeon-Cheol Gwon

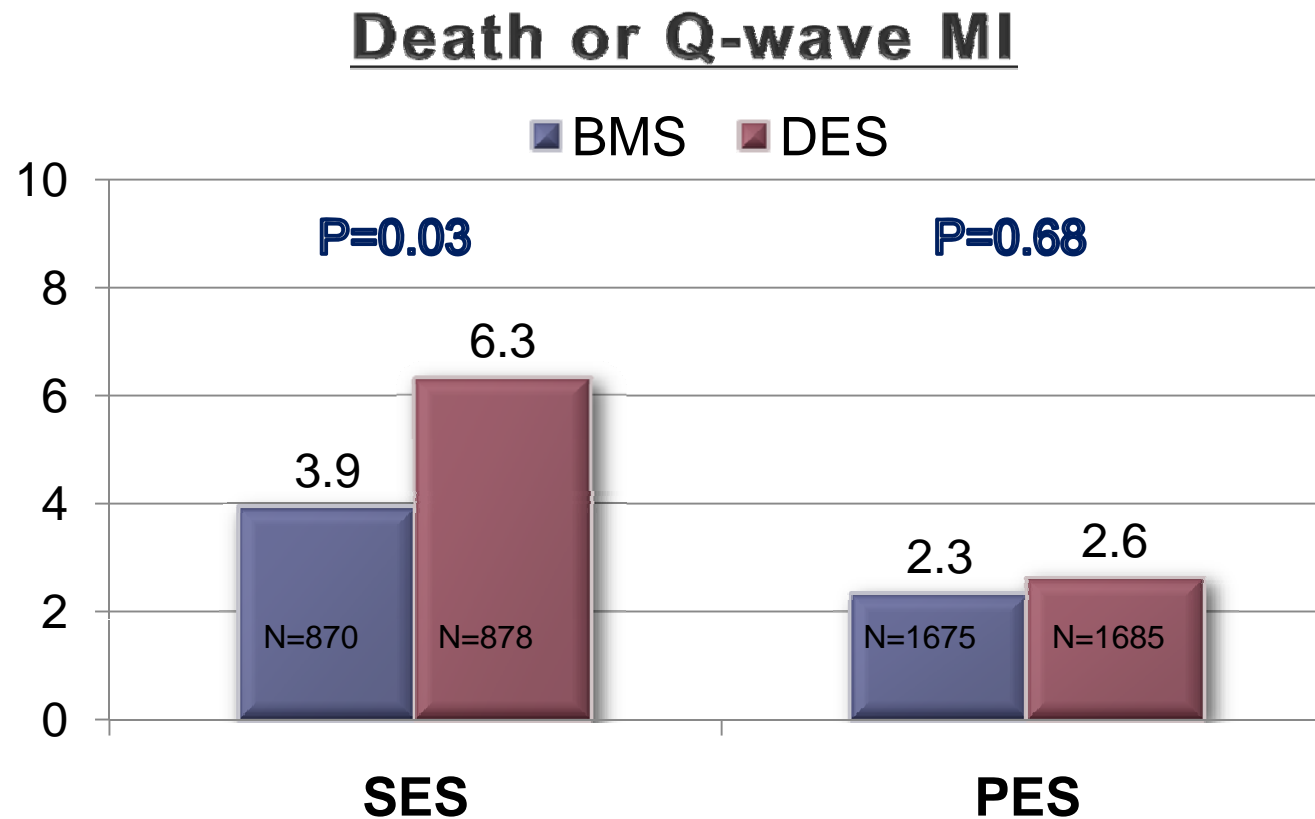
Cardiac&Vascular Center, Samsung Medical Center

Sungkyunkwan University School of Medicine

TCTAP 2012

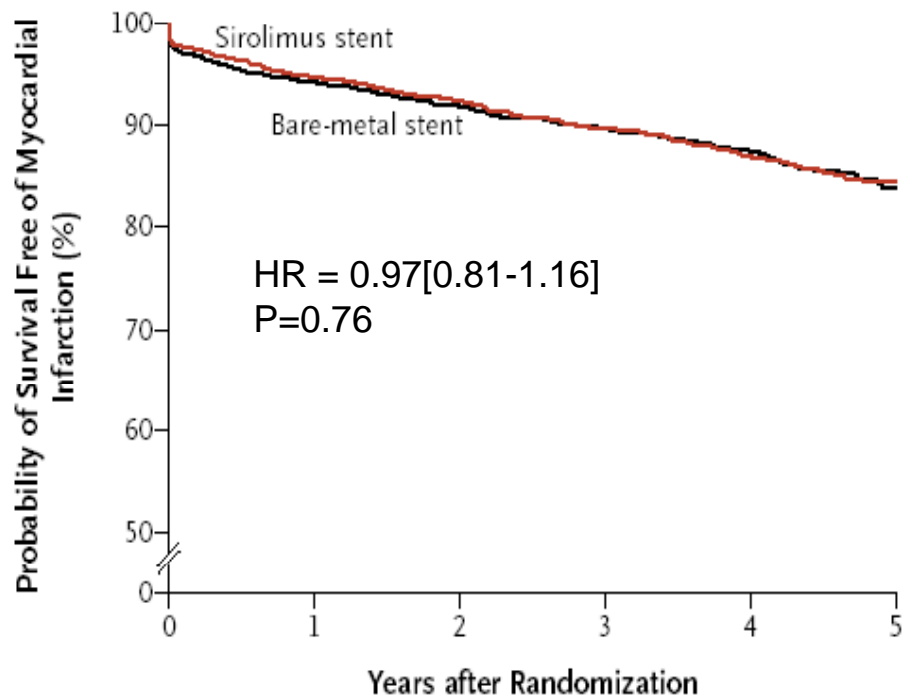
Firestorm from WCC 2006

- ▶ Meta-analysis by pooling published or presented data

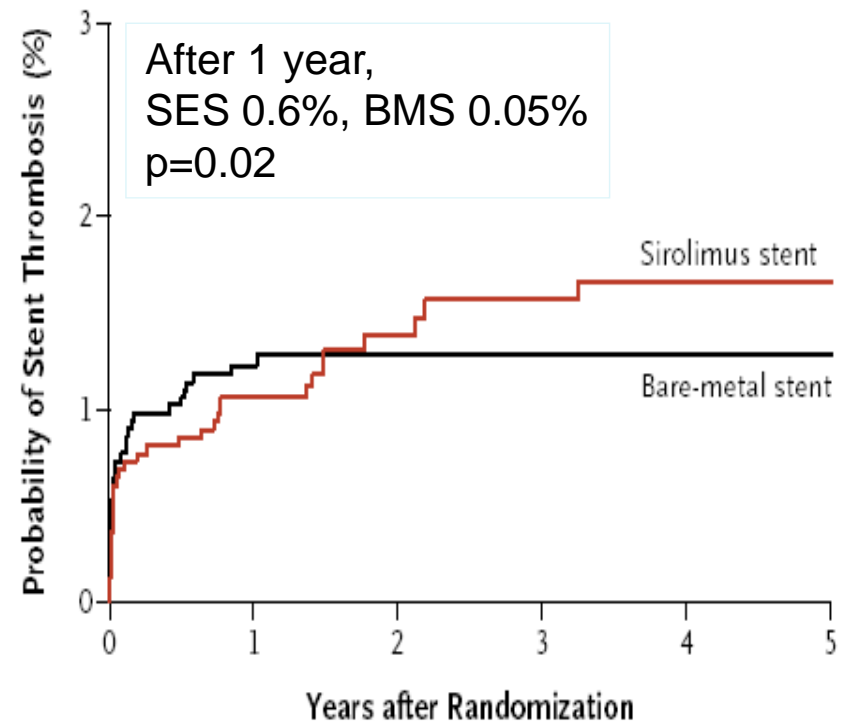


Meta-analysis of 14 trials of SES vs. BMS

Death or MI



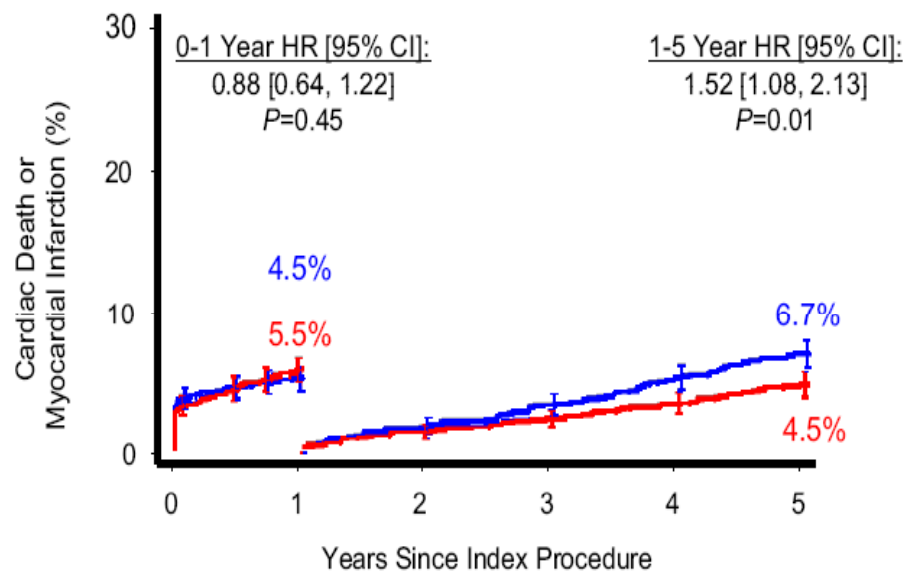
Stent Thrombus



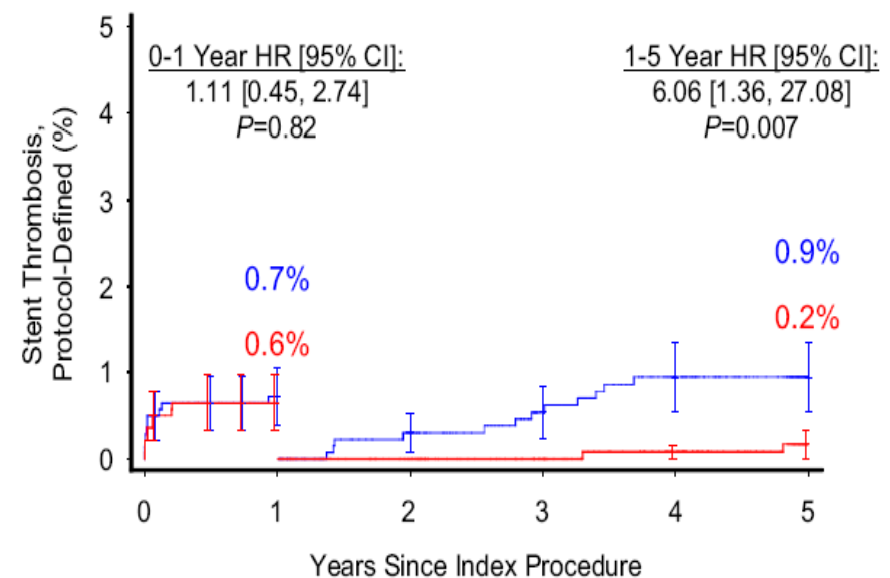
DES is more thrombogenic than BMS

Pooled analysis of TAXUS I, II, IV, V

Cardiac death or MI



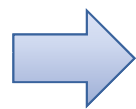
Stent thrombosis



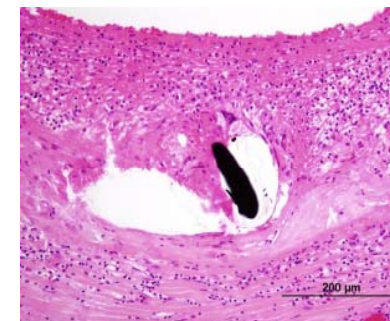
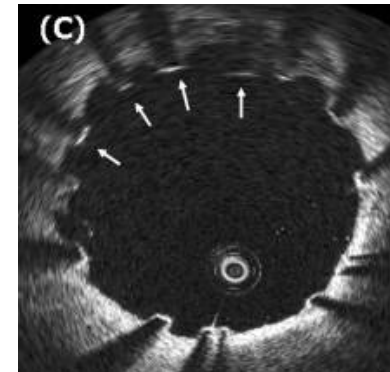
— BMS (N=1397) — PES (N=1400)

Mechanism of Late ST

- ▶ Poor endothelial coverage of the stent
 - Non-specific antiproliferative
 - Thick strut thickness
- ▶ Localized hypersensitivity to polymer

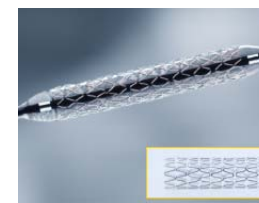
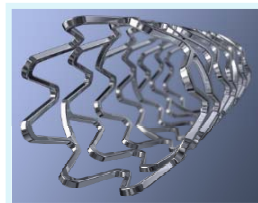


Thin strut thickness
Biocompatible polymer



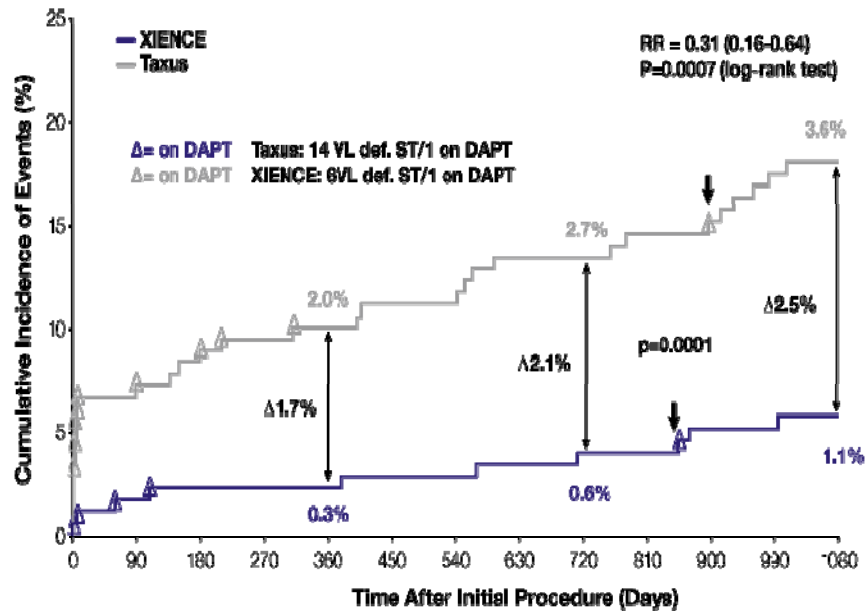
Second Generation DES

	Promus Element	Xience Prime	Endeavor Resolute	Biomatrix
Company	Boston Sci	Abbott	Metronic	Biosensors
Drug	Everolimus	Everolimus	Zotarolimus	Biolimus A9
Polymer	Fluorinated	Fluorinated	BioLinx	Bioabsorbable
Strut material	PtCr	CoCr	CoNi	316L
Strut thickness	81 um	81 um	91 um	119 um
Stent design	Element	Multilink 8 ²	Driver	S-stent

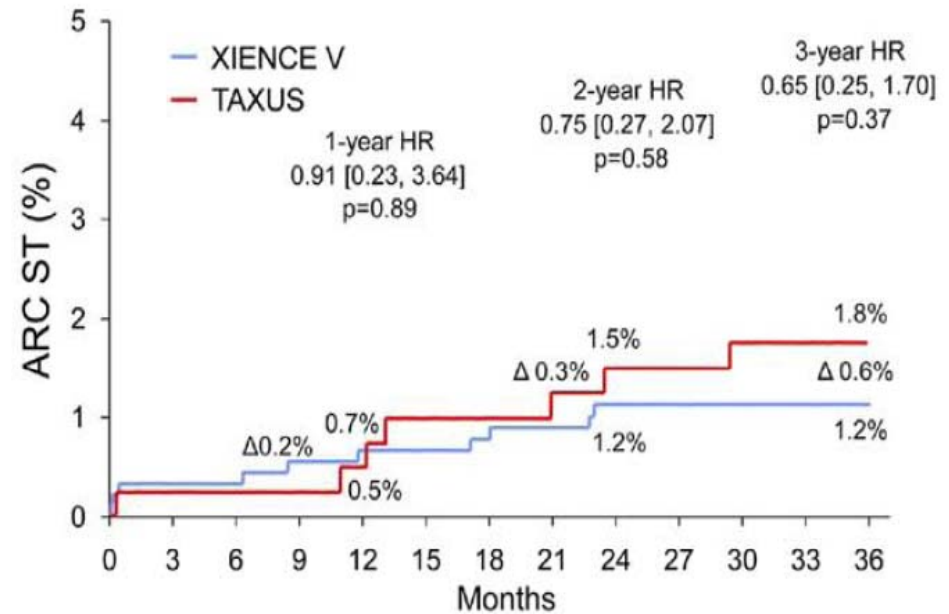


EES vs. PES: Stent Thrombosis

COMPARE Trial 3Y FU
N=1,800

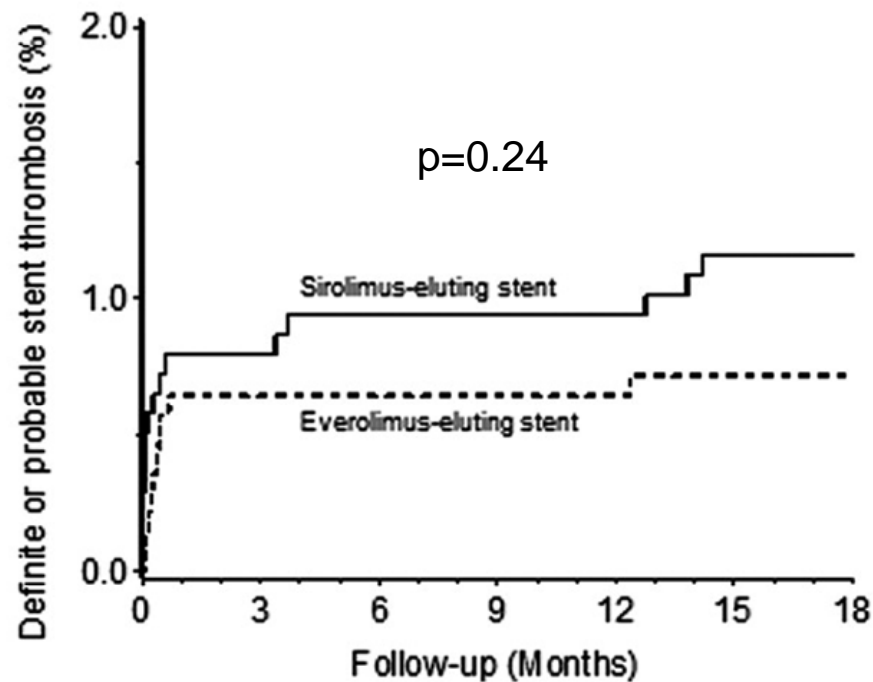


SPIRIT III/III Pooled Analysis
N=1,302

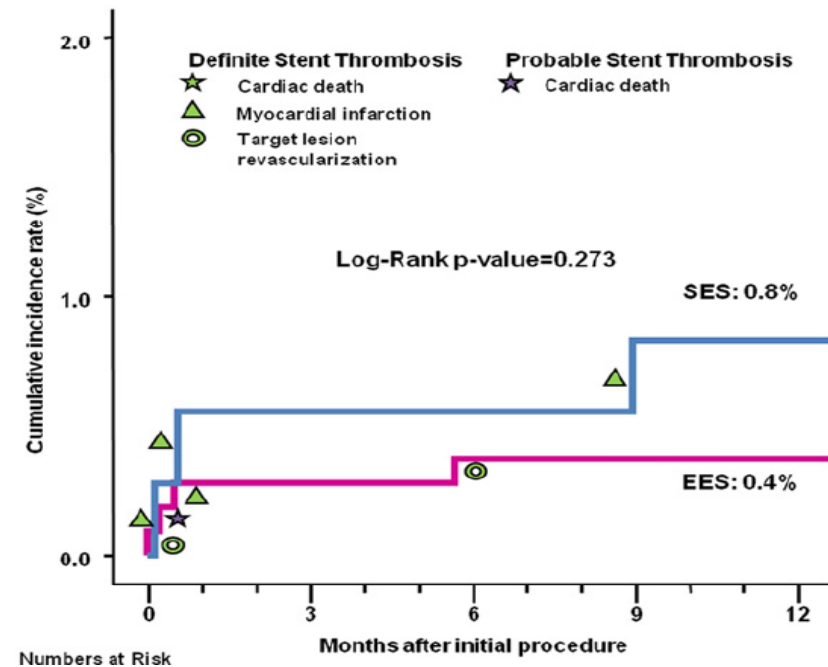


EES vs. SES: Stent Thrombosis

SORT OUT IV Trial
N=2,774



EXCELLENT Trial
N=1,443

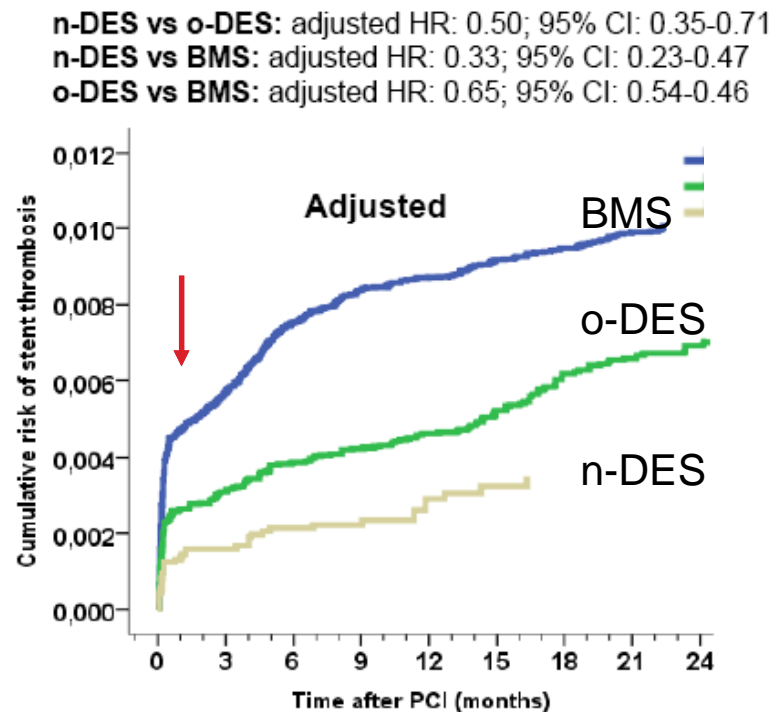
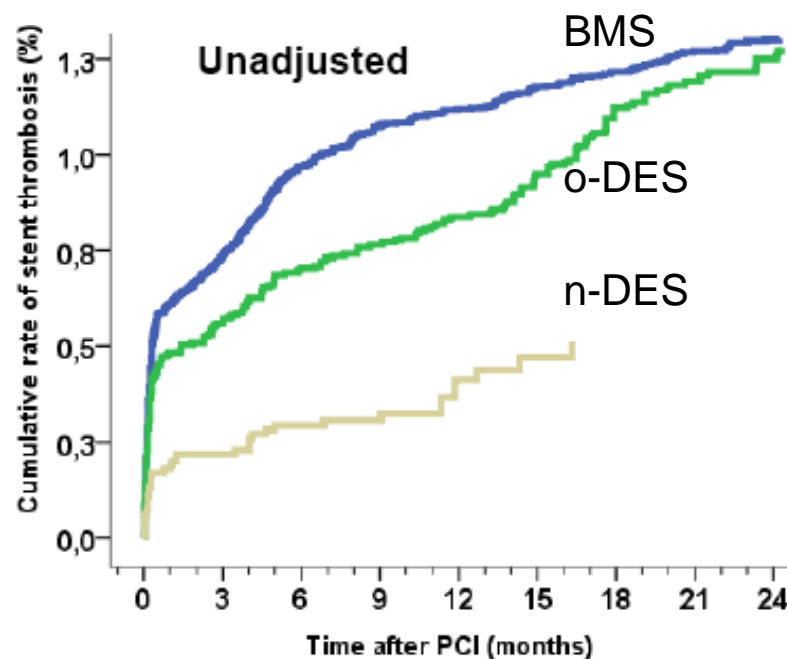


* Definite or probable stent thrombosis

Lower ST Risk in New DES

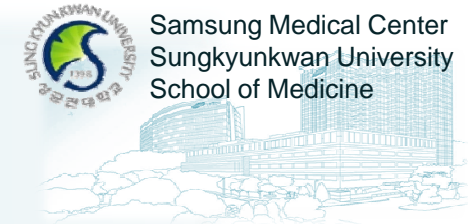
SCAAR Registry

- ▶ Bare meta stent (**BMS**, N=64,631)
- ▶ Old DES (**o-DES**, N=19,202): Cypher, Taxus, and Endeavor
- ▶ New DES (**n-DES**, N=10,551): Resolute, Xience, Promus Element



Stent thrombosis: an angiographic occlusion of a previously implanted stent with an acute clinical presentation

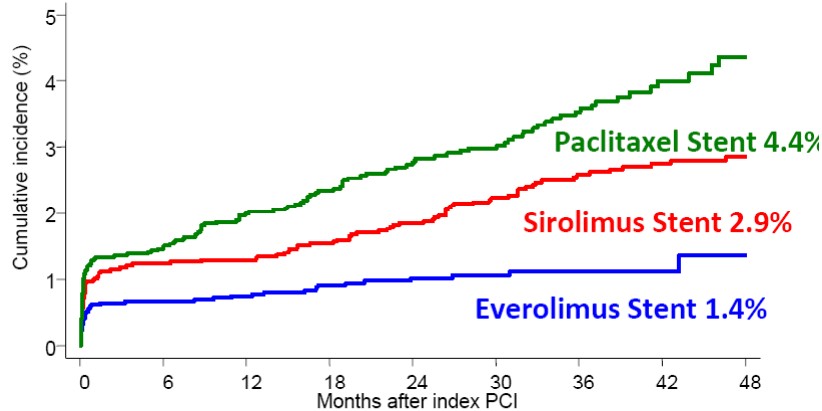
Lower ST Risk in New DES Bern-Rotterdam Cohort Study



- ▶ Observation study in all consecutive patients
 - EES (n=4,212), SES (n=3,819), PES (n=4,308)

ARC Definite ST @ 4 Years

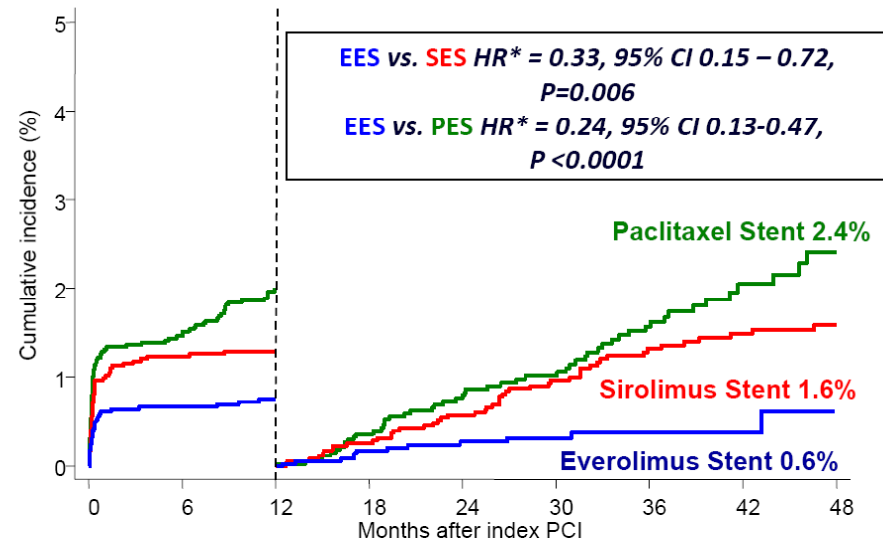
EES vs. SES Hazard Ratio* = 0.41, 95% CI 0.27–0.62, P<0.0001
 EES vs. PES Hazard Ratio* = 0.33, 95% CI 0.23-0.48, P <0.0001



No. at risk	0	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48
PES	4214	3916	3797	3176	2905	2344	1880	1077	686
SES	3784	3617	3569	3499	3404	3080	2521	2118	1734
EES	4135	3913	3793	3284	2604	1856	1041	514	208

*from Cox proportional hazards model

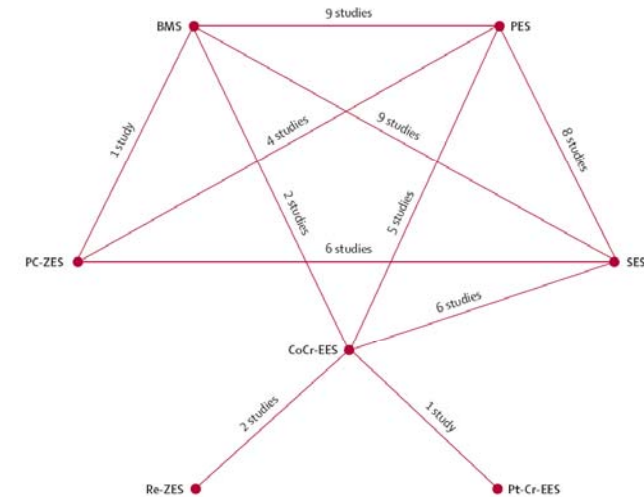
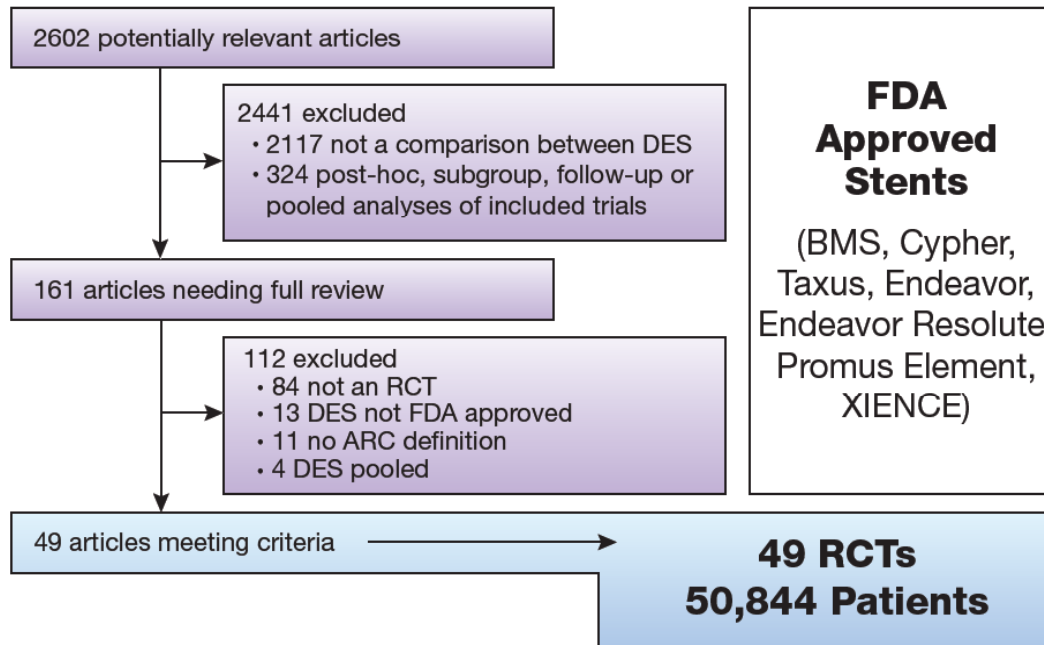
Very Late ST (1-4 yrs)



*from Cox proportional hazards model

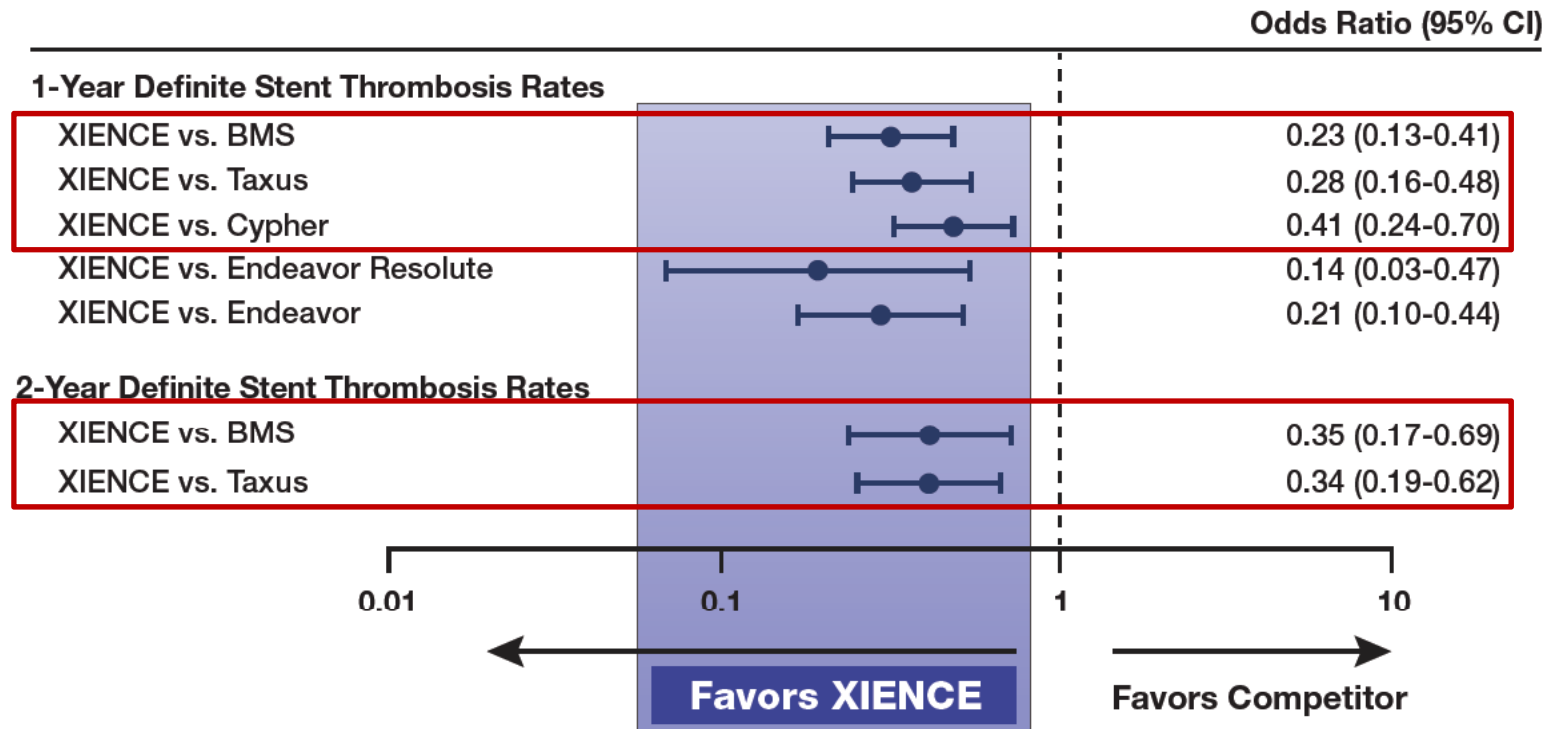
Network Meta-analysis

Stent Thrombosis Network Meta-Analysis Protocol



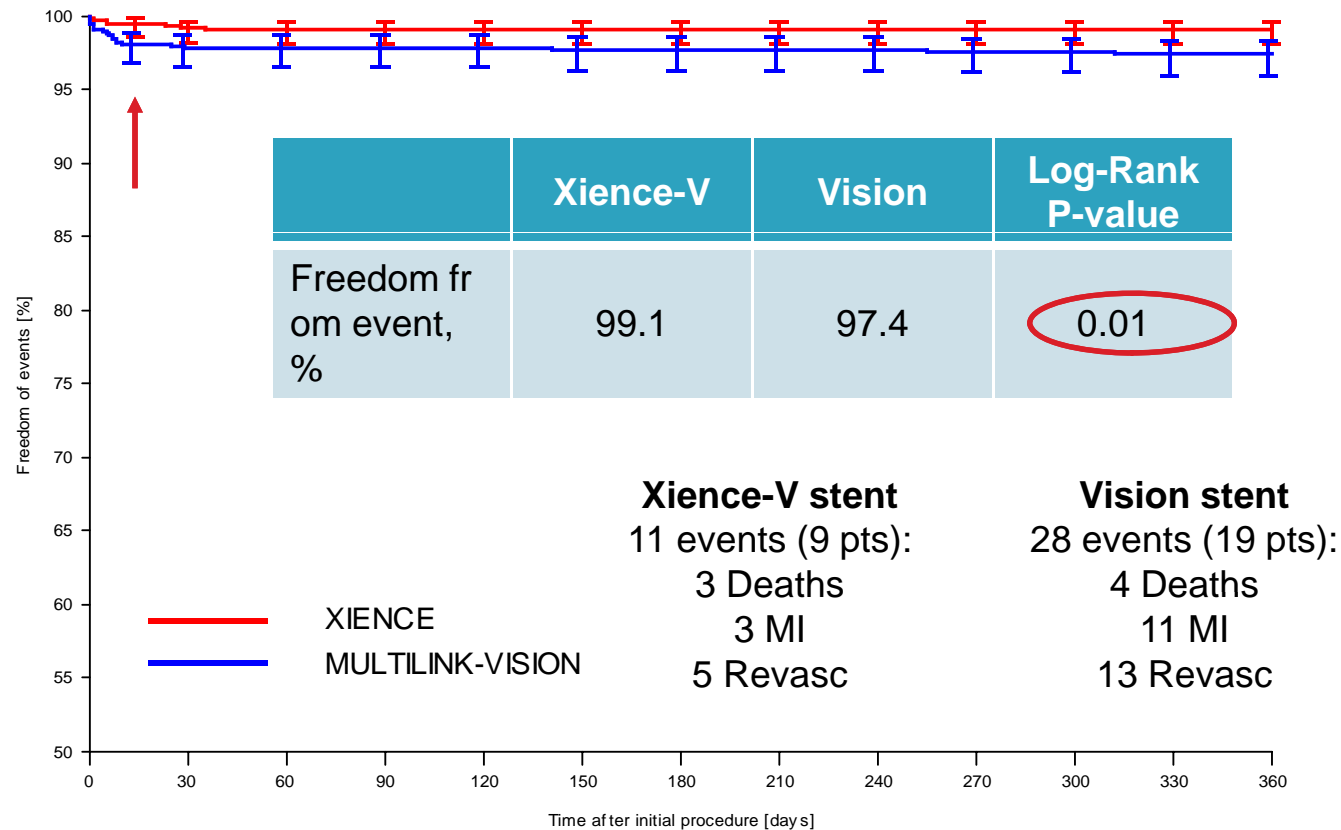
Network Meta-analysis

- ▶ N=50,844, from 49 RCTs



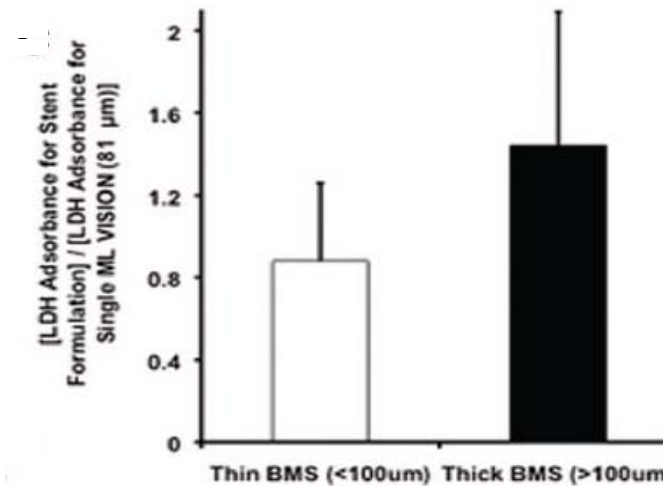
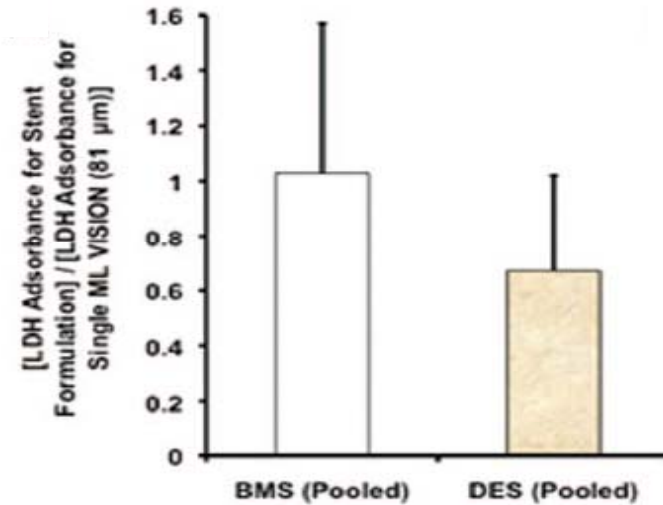
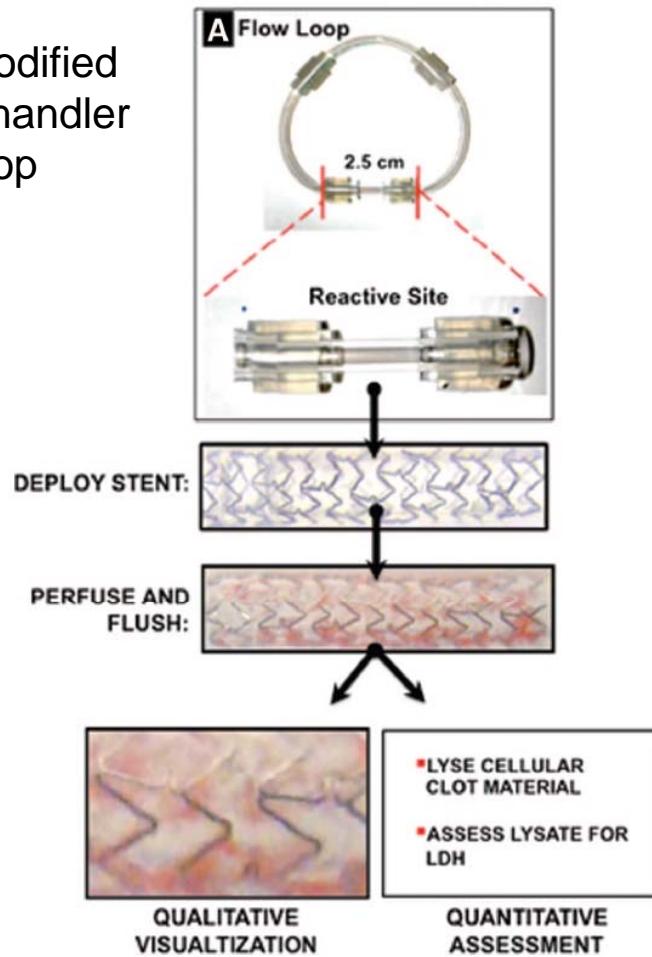
EES is less thrombogenic than BMS?

EXAMINATION Trial (N=1,504, within 48 hours of STEMI) Definite/Probable Stent Thrombosis



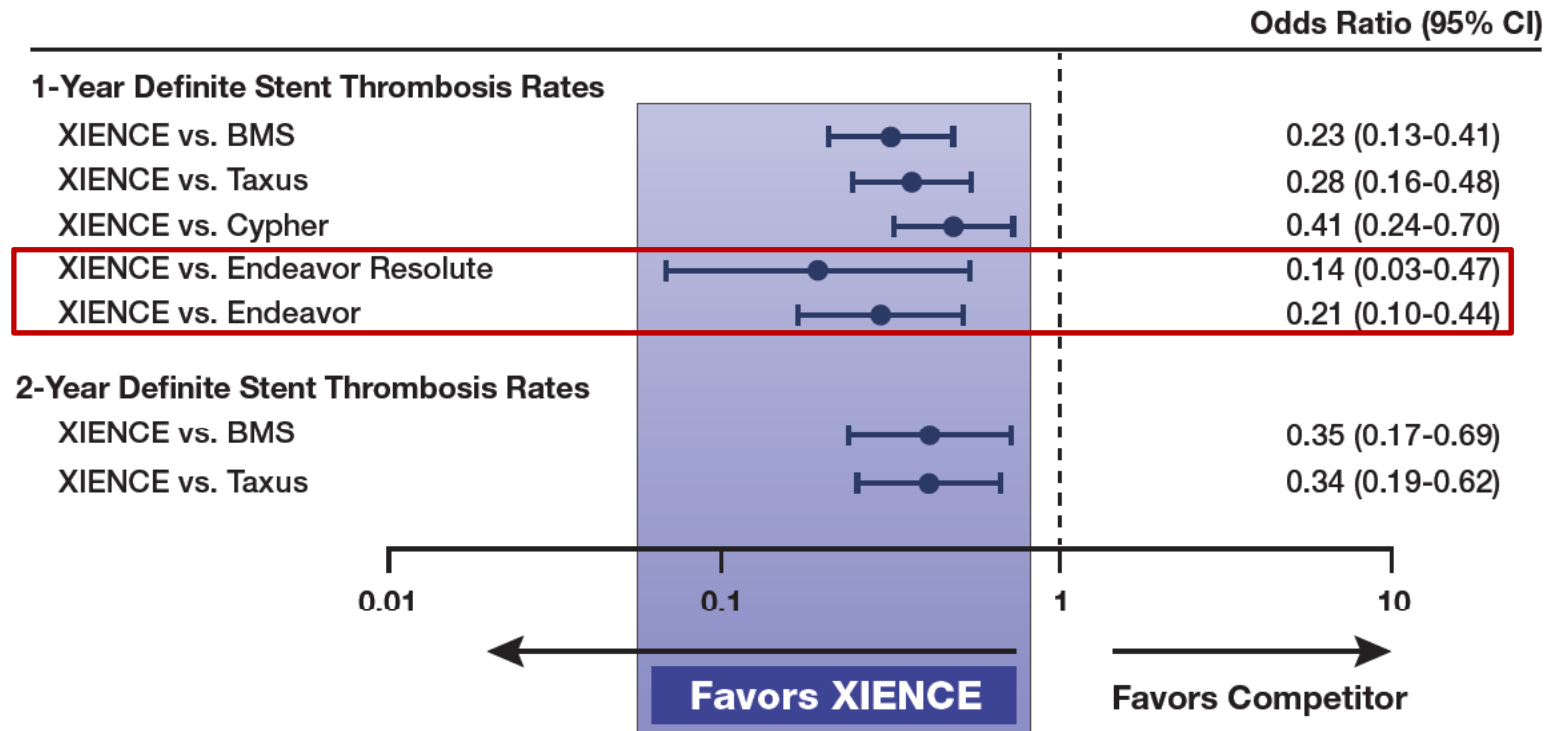
Polymer Reduced Stent Thrombogenicity

Modified Chandler loop

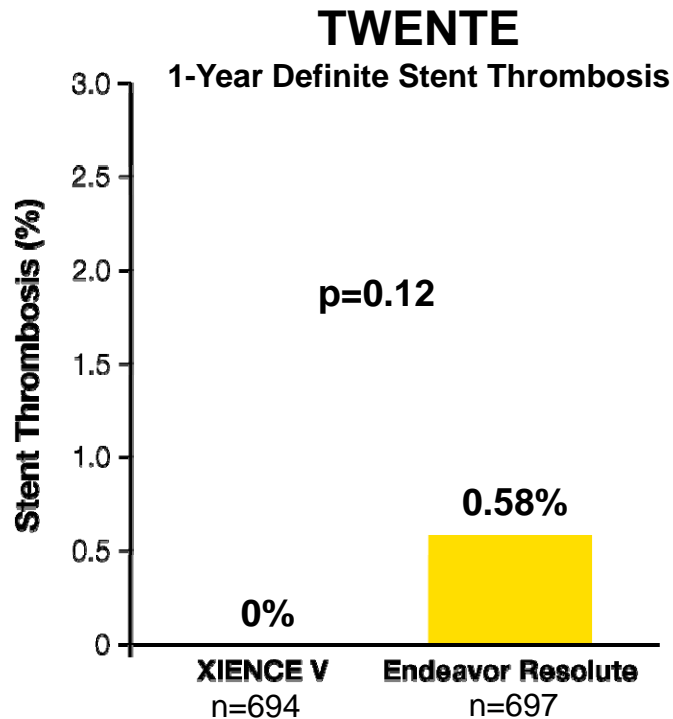


Network Meta-analysis

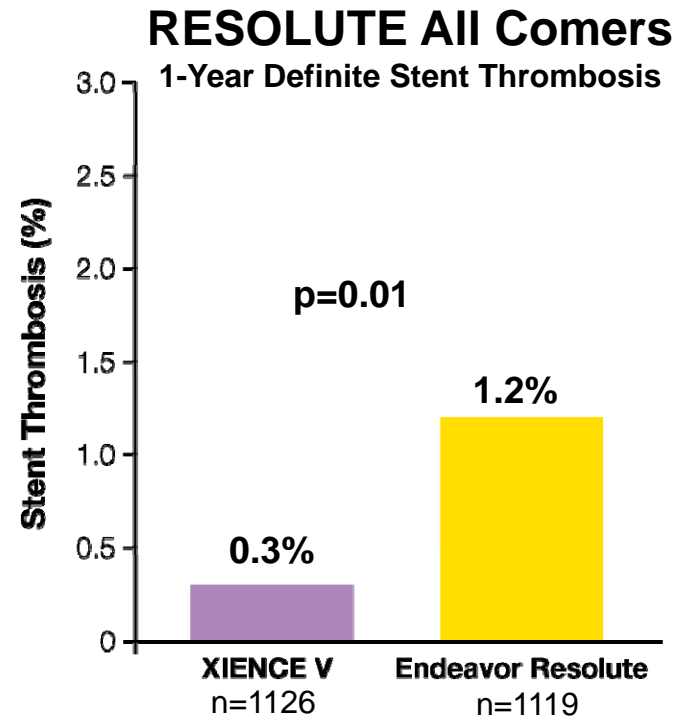
- ▶ N=50,844, from 49 RCTs



Xience-V showed Lower Definite ST Rates against Endeavor Resolute



- Single-Center
- Investigator-sponsored
- 1,391 patients from the Netherlands
- STEMI patients excluded



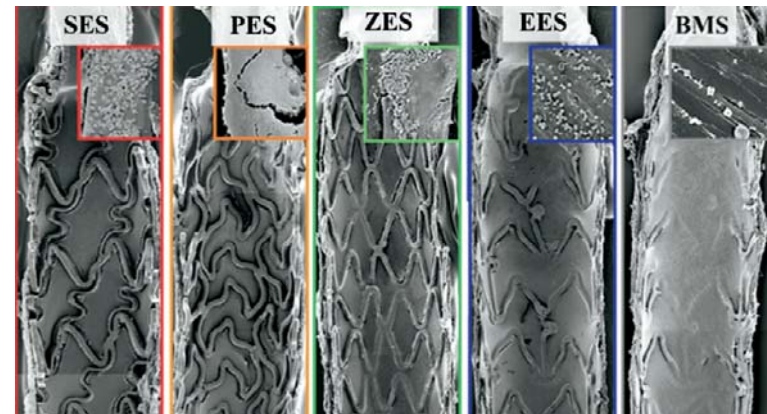
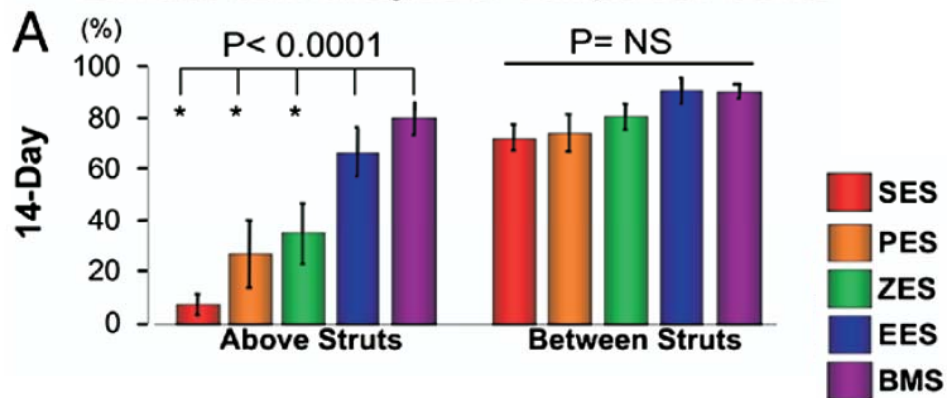
- Multi-Center
- Sponsored by Medtronic
- 2,292 patients from throughout Europe
- No exclusion criteria

Endothelial Coverage of Stent Strut

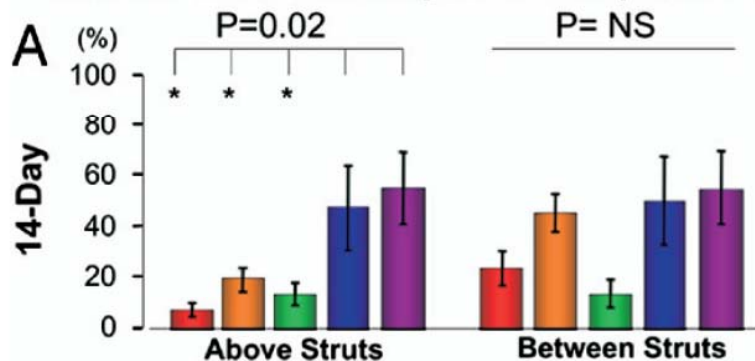
Atherosclerotic Rabbit Iliac Model

There is less endothelial cell surface coverage in other DESs compared with EES and BMS.

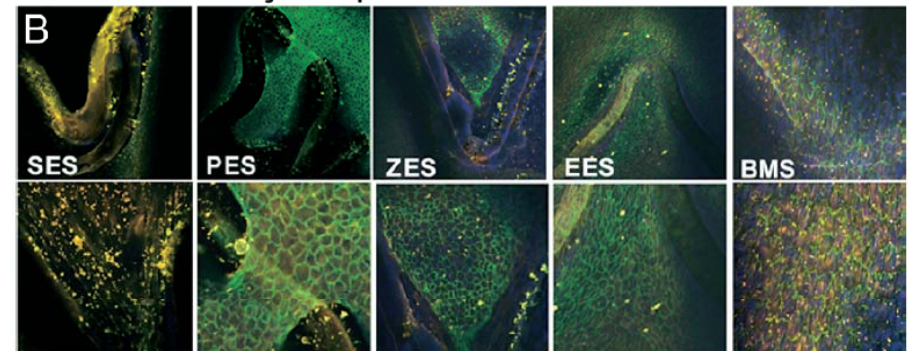
En Face SEM Analysis of Comparator Stents



En Face Confocal Analysis of Comparator Stents



14-day Comparator Stents



Why is EES better than other DESs? Strut Thickness?

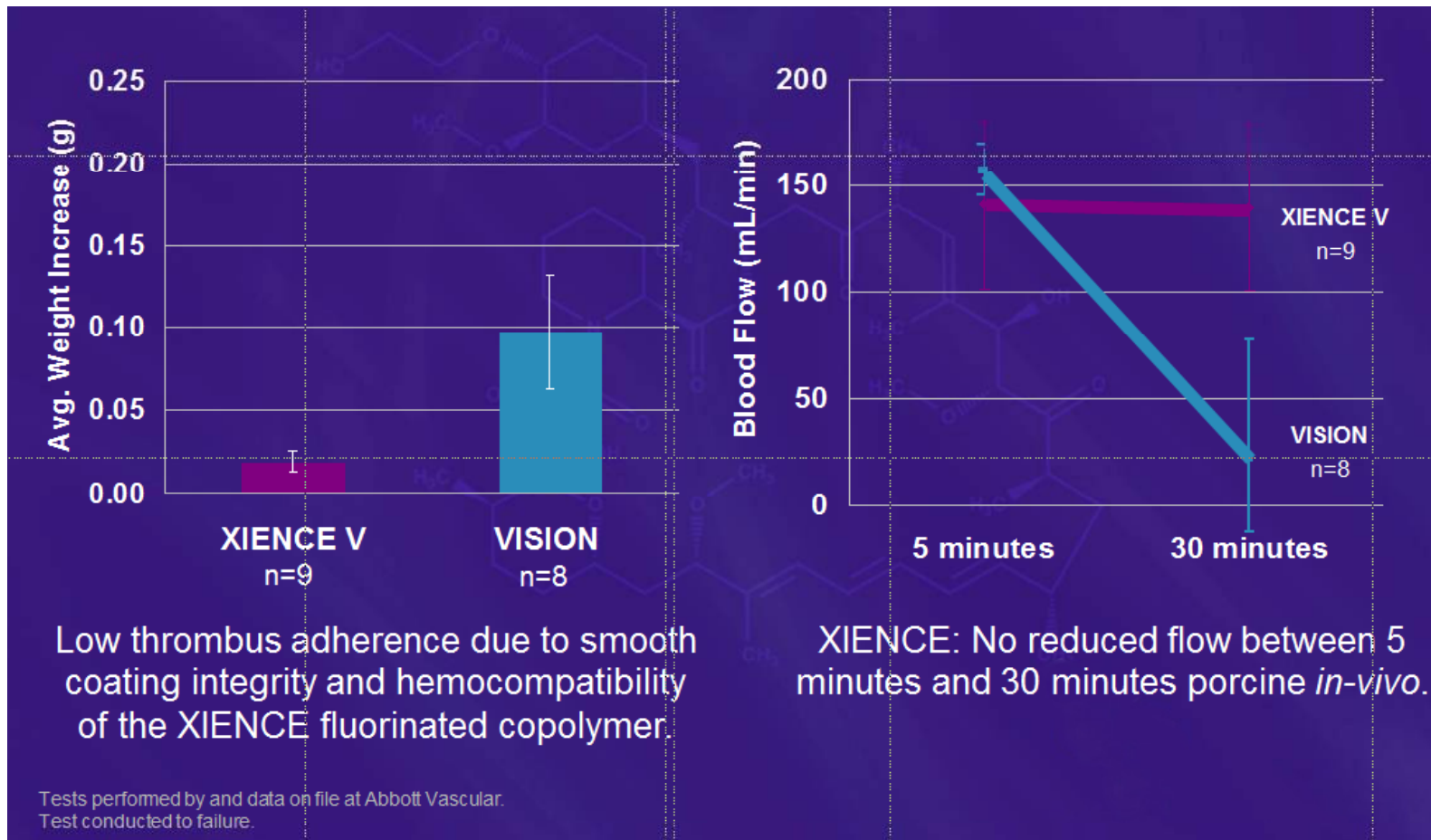
<p>XIENCE PRIME</p> 	<p>ENDEAVOR RESOLUTE</p> 	<p>TAXUS Liberte</p> 	<p>CYPHER</p> 
Strut Thickness:	Strut Thickness:	Strut Thickness:	Strut Thickness:
81 μm	91 μm	97 μm	140 μm
Alloy:	Alloy:	Alloy:	Alloy:
Cobalt Chromium	Cobalt Nickel	316L Stainless Steel	316L Stainless Steel
Polymer Thickness:	Polymer Thickness:	Polymer Thickness:	Polymer Thickness:
7.8 μm	6.2 μm	17.8 μm	12.6 μm

3.0 mm diameter stents, 500x magnification. Photos taken by and data on file at Abbott Vascular.

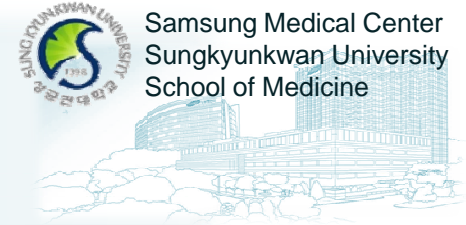
Why is EES better than other DESs? Fluorinated Copolymer?



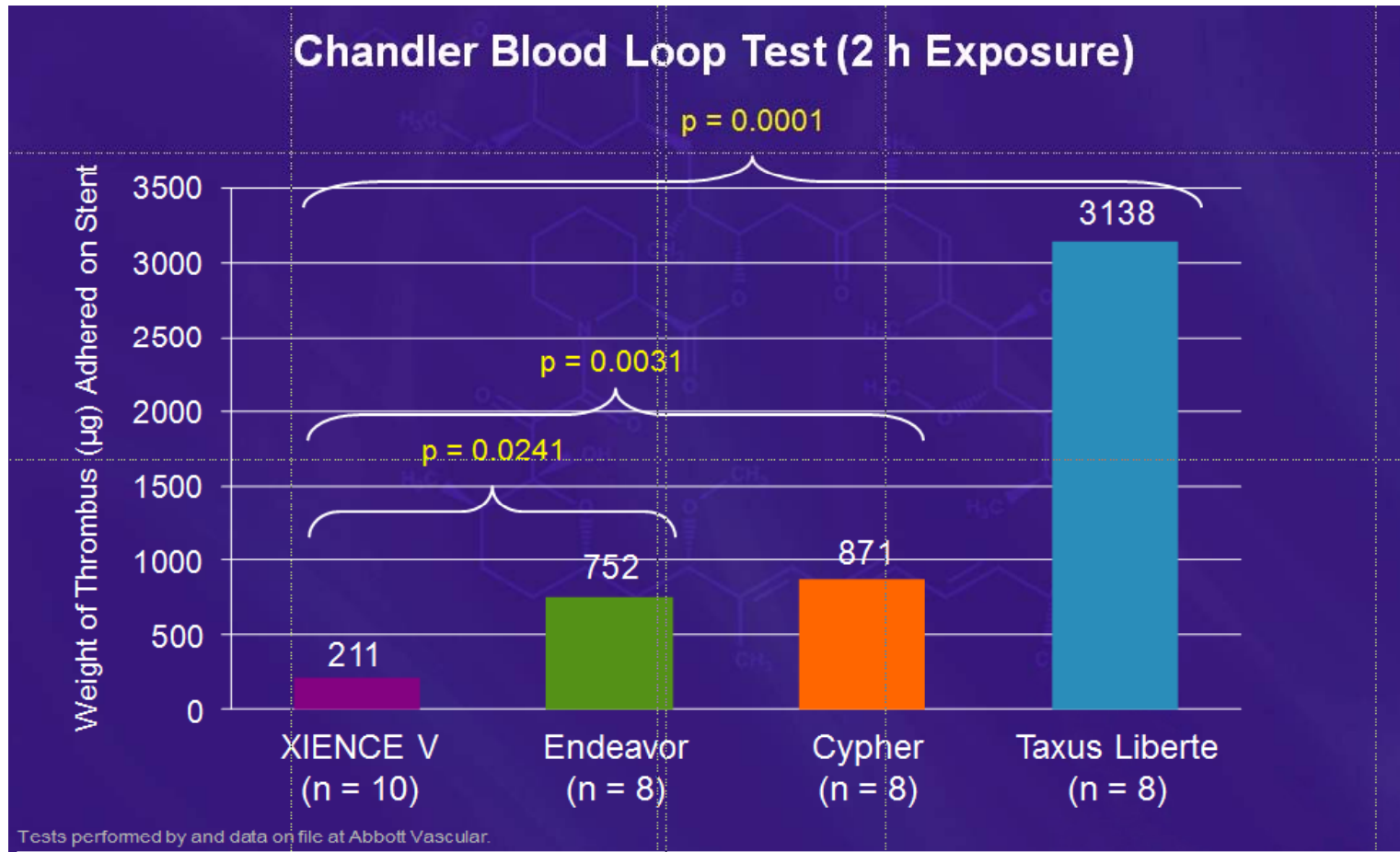
Unheparinized *Ex-Vivo* Shunt Study



Why is EES better than other DESs? Fluorinated Copolymer?

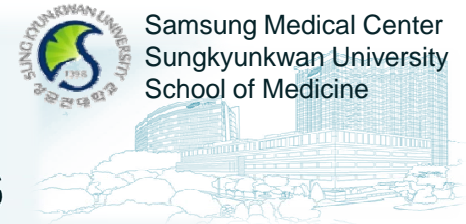


Unheparinized *Ex-Vivo* Shunt Study

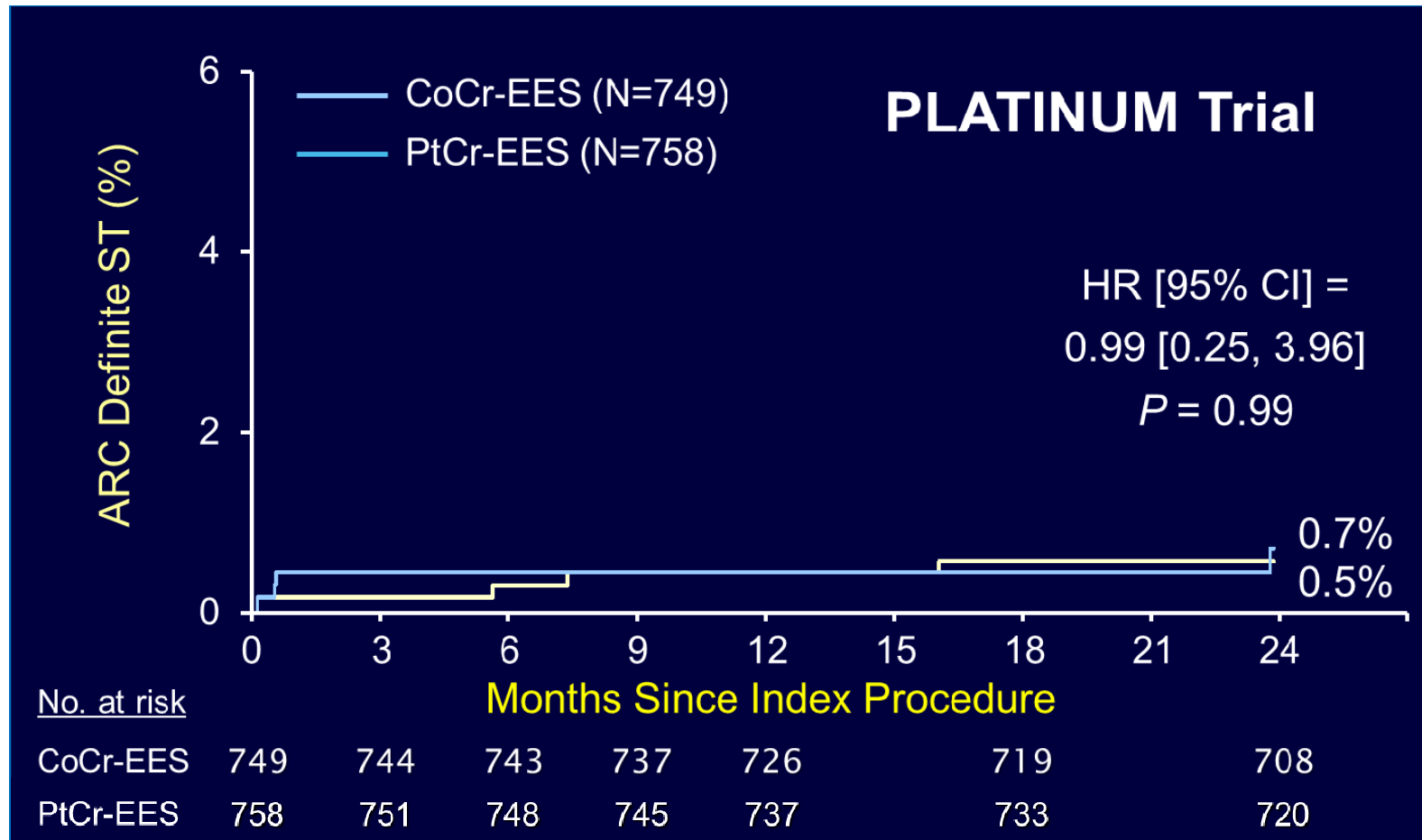


Promus Element vs. Xience-V

Same drug, polymer, and strut thickness

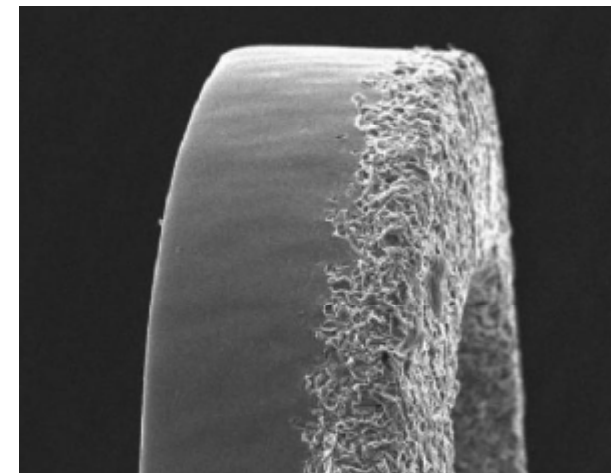
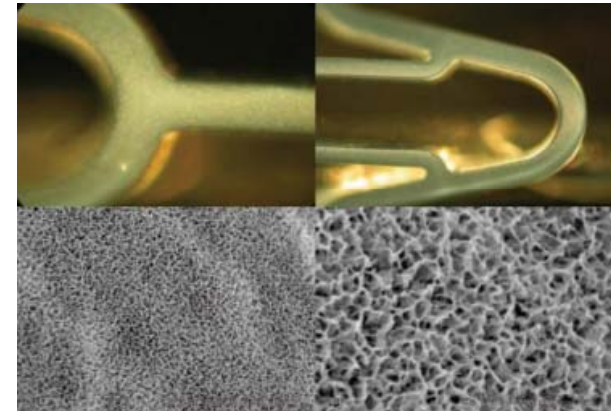
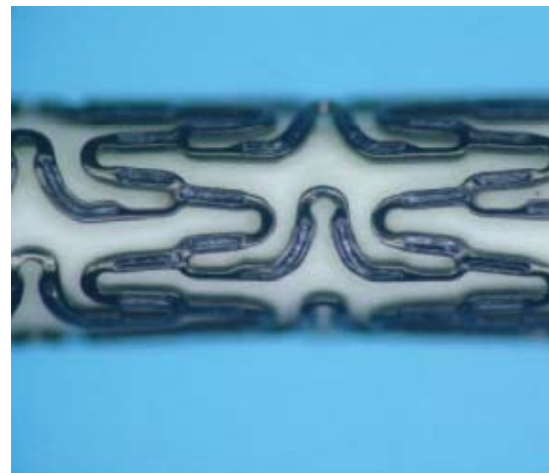
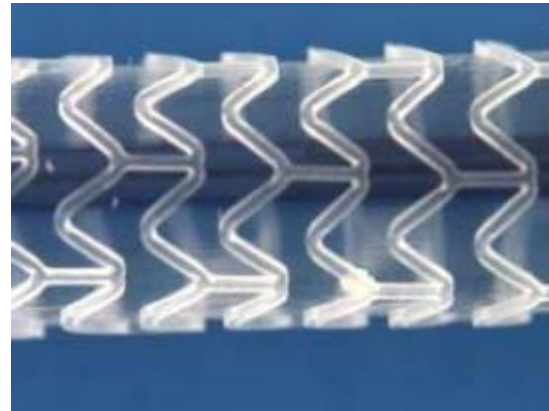
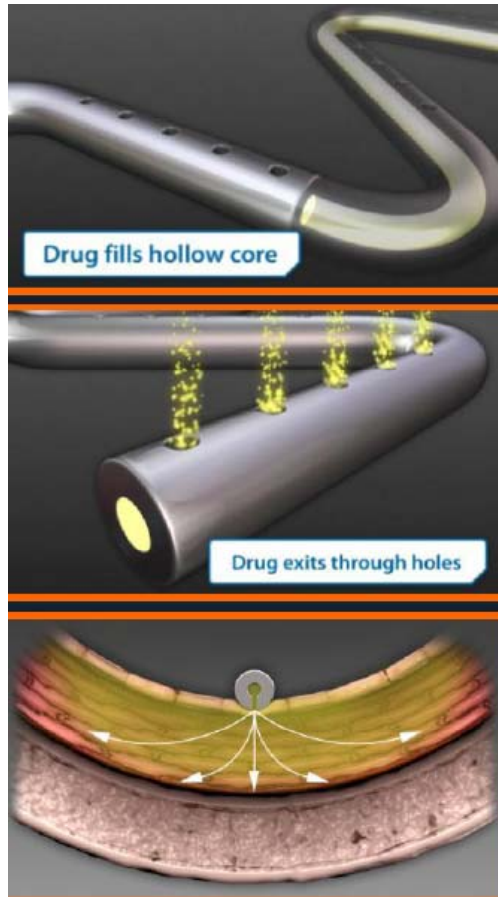


Stent Thrombosis - ARC Definite



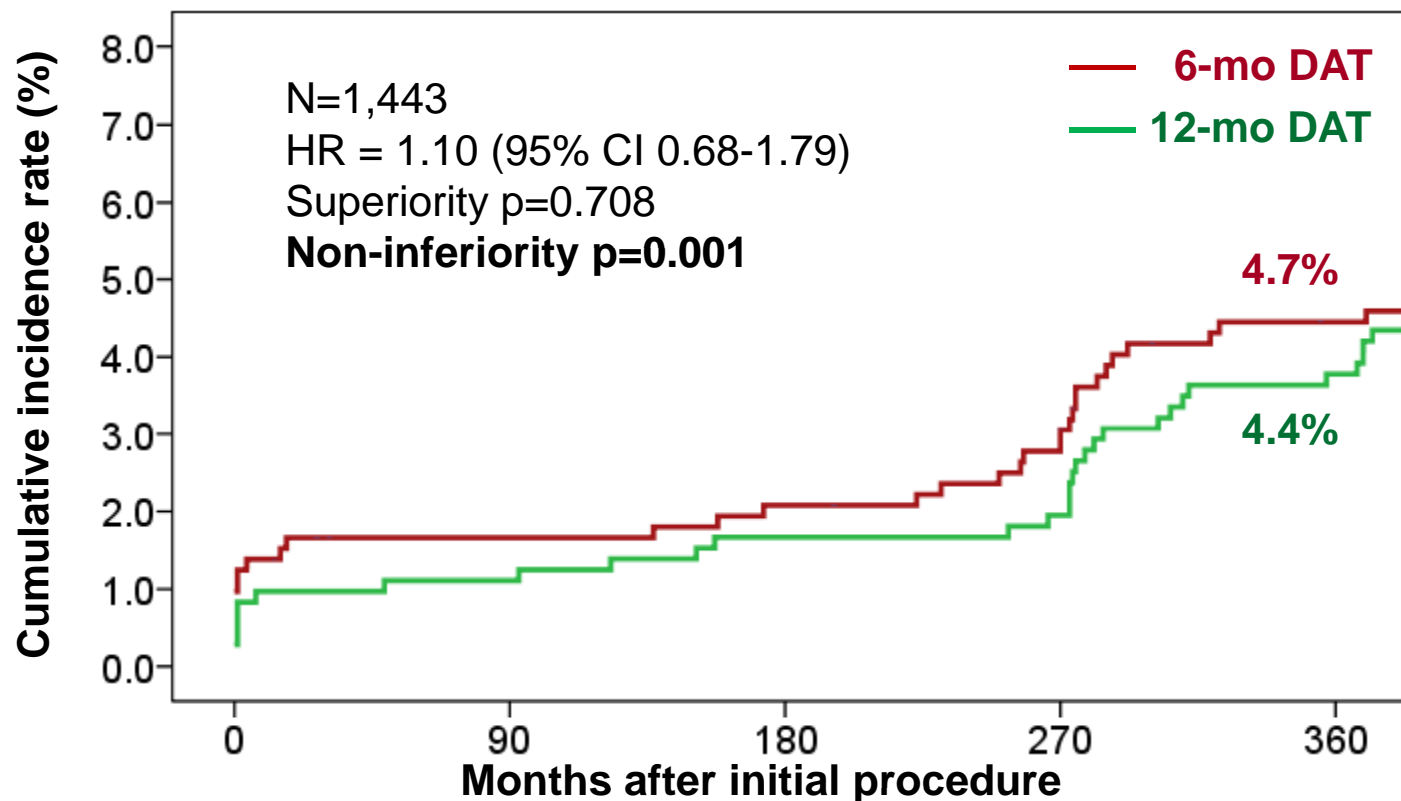
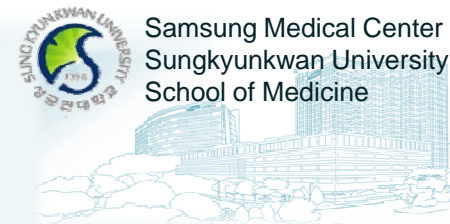
Next Generation DESs

How Can They Prove Better Safety?



EXCELLENT Trial

1° EP: Target Vessel Failure (TVF)



Patient Number at Risks

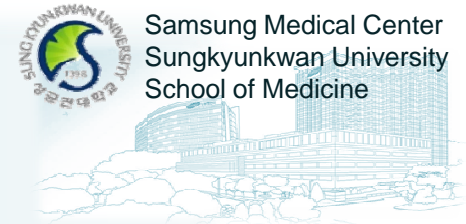
6-month	722	707	704	698	682
12-month	721	710	703	698	682

* DAT = dual antiplatelet therapy

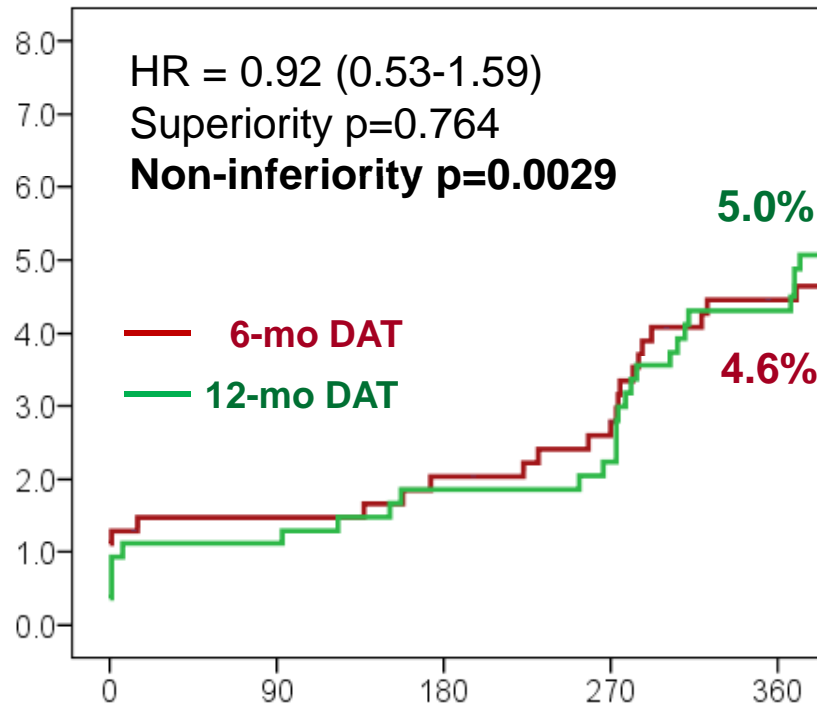
EXCELLENT Trial

TVF in Stent Subgroups

(Randomized to EES vs. SES in 3:1 fashion)



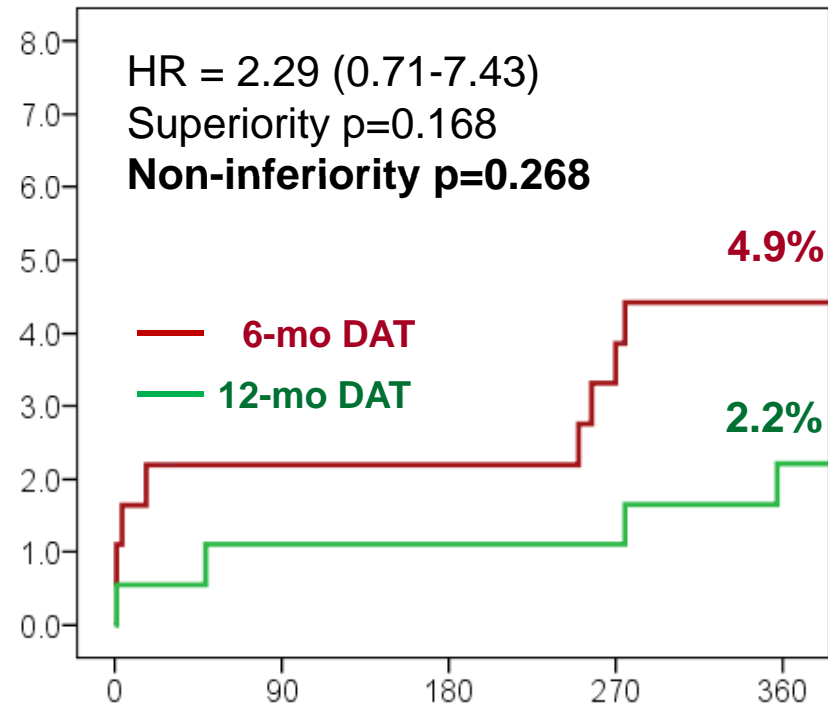
Everolimus-Eluting Stent



Patient Number at Risks

6-mo	540	531	528	524	511
12-mo	539	531	524	521	505

Sirolimus-Eluting Stent



Patient Number at Risks

182	176	176	174	171
182	179	179	178	176

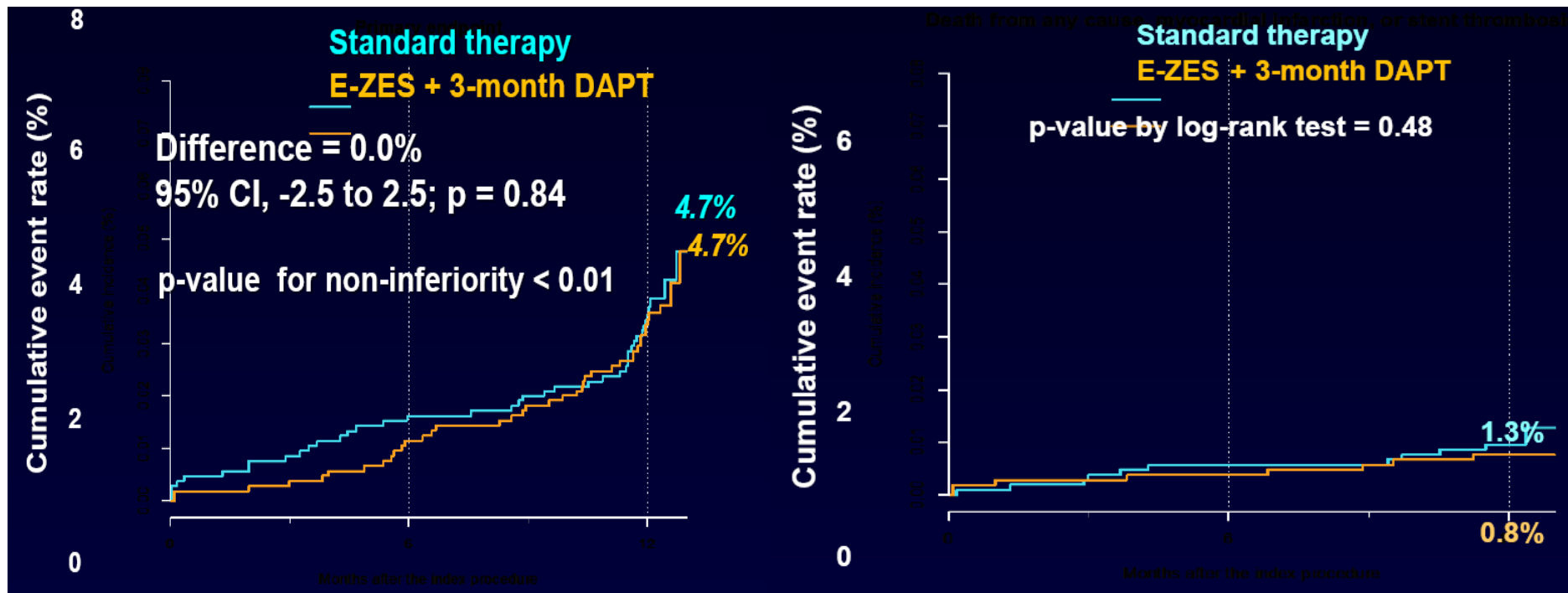
RESET Trial

E-ZES with 3 mo DAPT vs. Other DES with 12 mo DAPT

- ▶ N=2,117
- ▶ E-ZES+3-mo DAPT: 93±28 days (median 93 days)
- ▶ Standard therapy: 364±31 days (median 363 days)

1° EP: CV death, MI, ST, TVR, bleeding 1Y

Death, MI, Stent Thrombosis 1Y



Summary and Conclusions



- ▶ Second generation DESs seem to be safer than first generation DESs.
- ▶ Current evidences suggest that EES have the lowest rate of stent thrombosis compared to BMS as well as other DESs, which needs to be confirmed by a larger RCT data.
- ▶ EES should be regarded as the standard against which future design improvements are compared.
- ▶ I hope future DES development will focus on the shorter duration of DAPT after the procedure.