3rd IMAGING and PHYSIOLOGY Summit 2009

Intracoronary Ultrasound Diagnosis of an Aortic Dissection Causing Anterior Acute Myocardial Infarction

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Case: a 63-year-old woman

Chief Complaint;

Severe chest pain radiating to her back

History of present illness;

At 7:30 p.m. on 6/22/2001, she complained of sudden chest pain radiating to her back after having dinner.

At 7:55 p.m., her daughter called the ambulance.

At 8:10 p.m. the ambulance arrived at our hospital.

Present status;

When the ambulance arrived at the emergency room, she was conscious and complained of chest pain with significant clammy sweat.

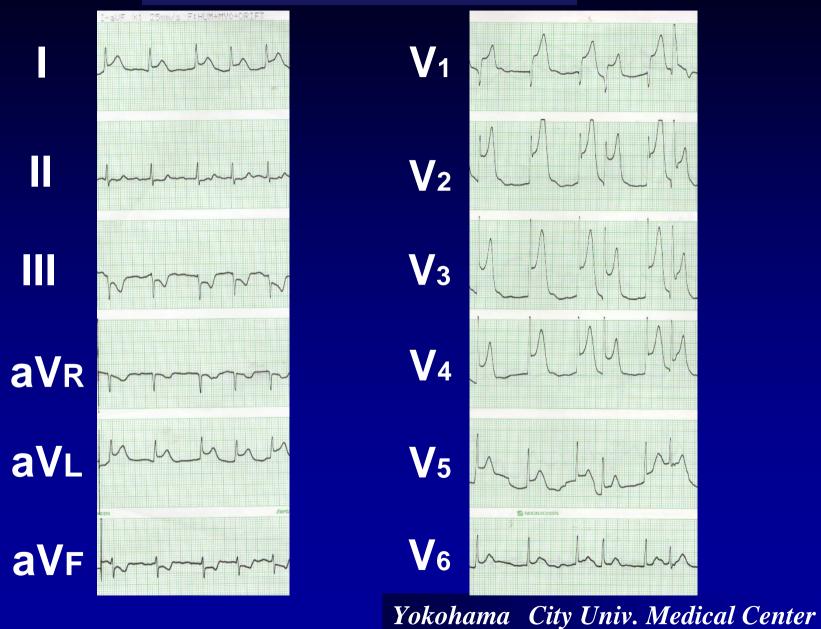
BP 140/80 mmHg; HR 84/min.

Coronary risk factor;

Smoking 20 cigarettes/day

Hypertension (intermittent medication)

Electrocardiogram



Echocardiogram

Reduced LV wall motion from 10 to 2 o'clock in the parasternal short axis view.

No AR.

No MR.

No pericardial effusion.

Chest X-ray



Yokohama City Univ. Medical Center

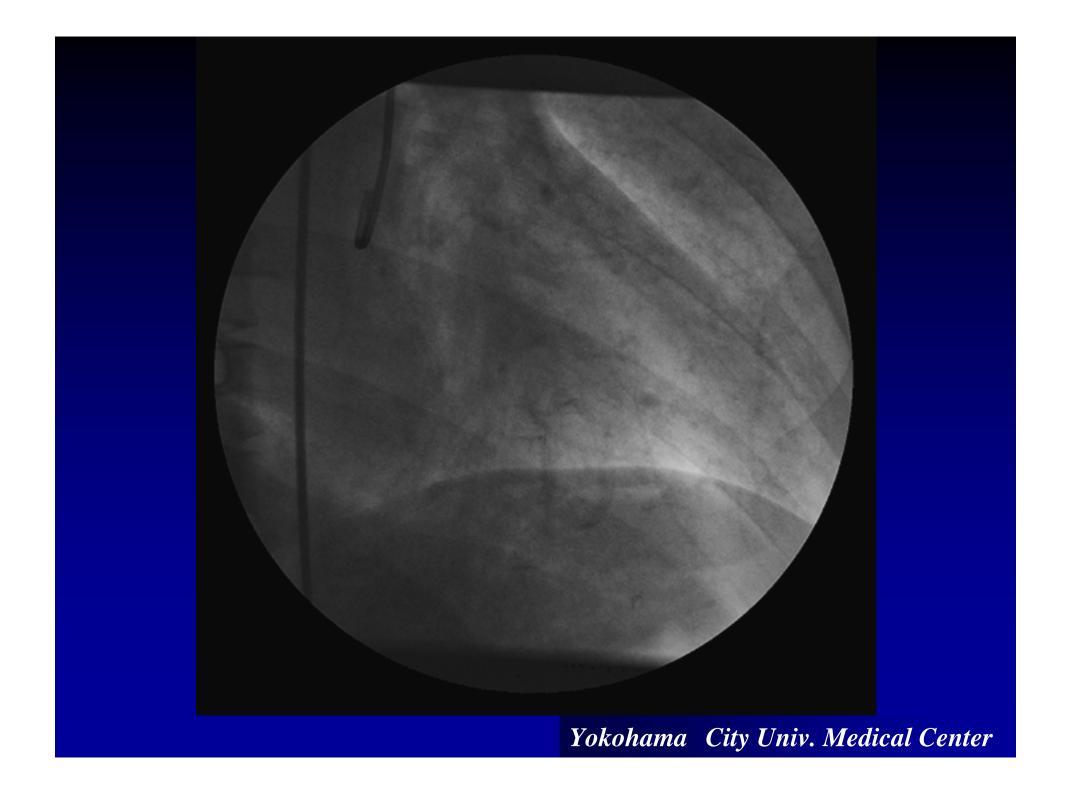
Treatment and process 1

She was diagnosed as acute anterior myocardial infarction.

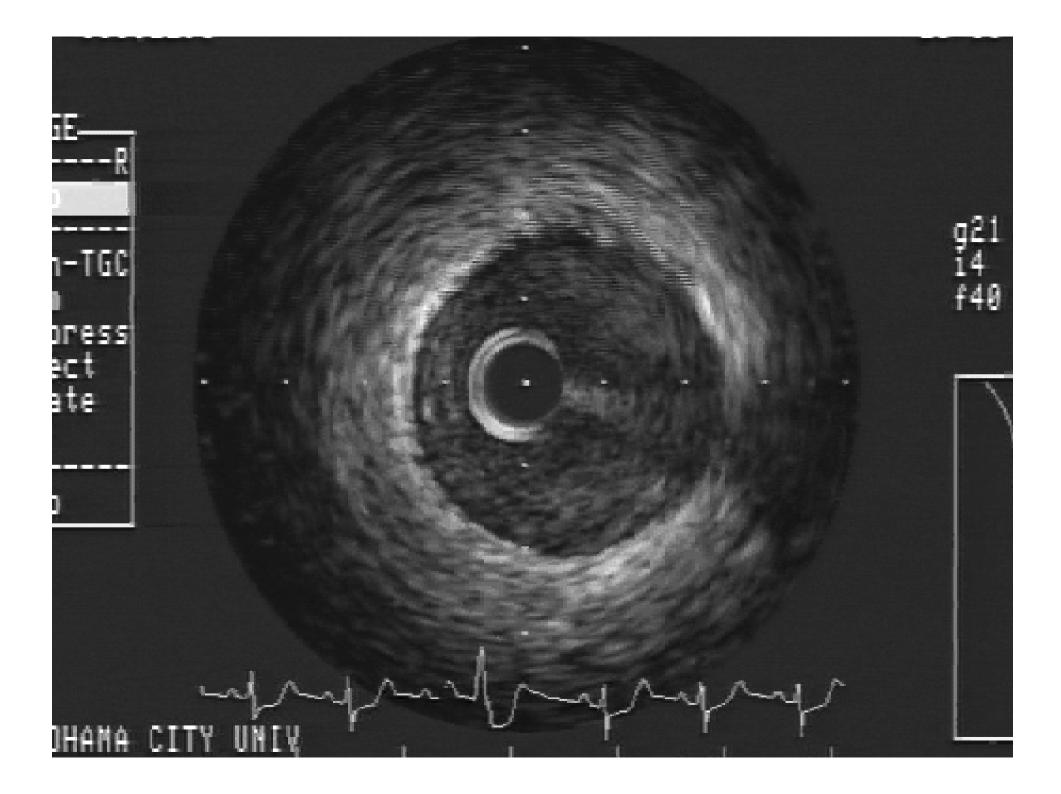
8:15 p.m. aspirin 200mg p.o., heparin 5000U i.v., and Monteplase 800,000U i.v.

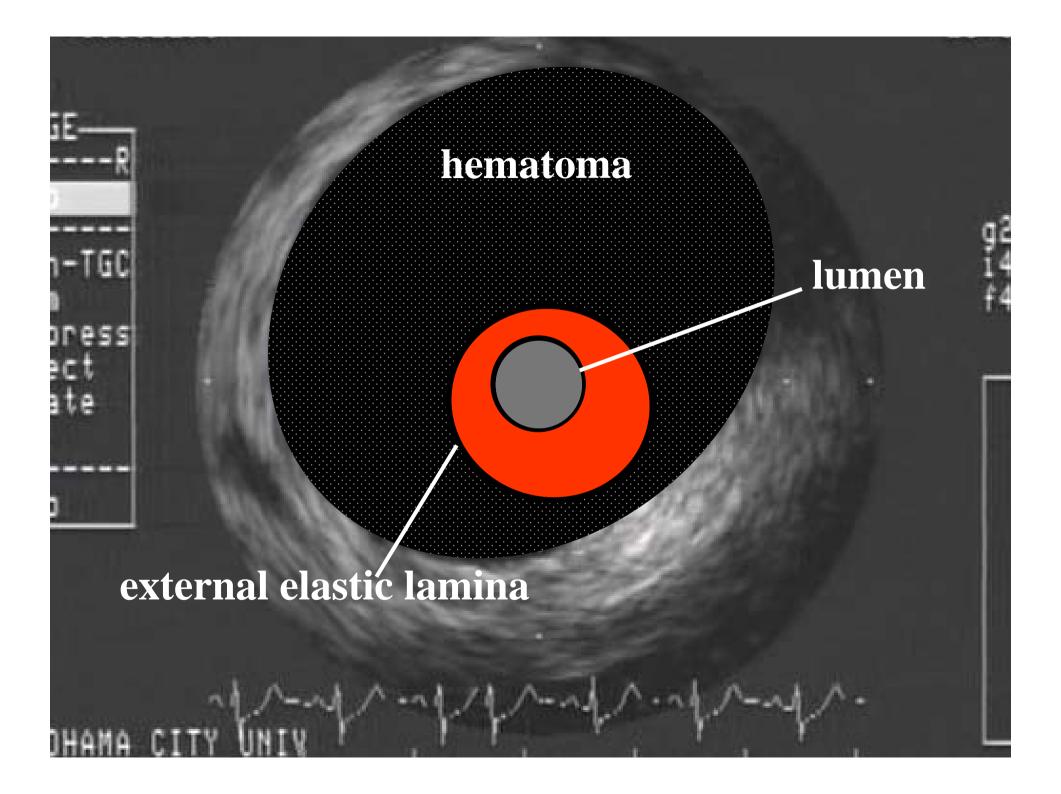
8:29 p.m. morphine hydrochloride 2.5mg i.v.

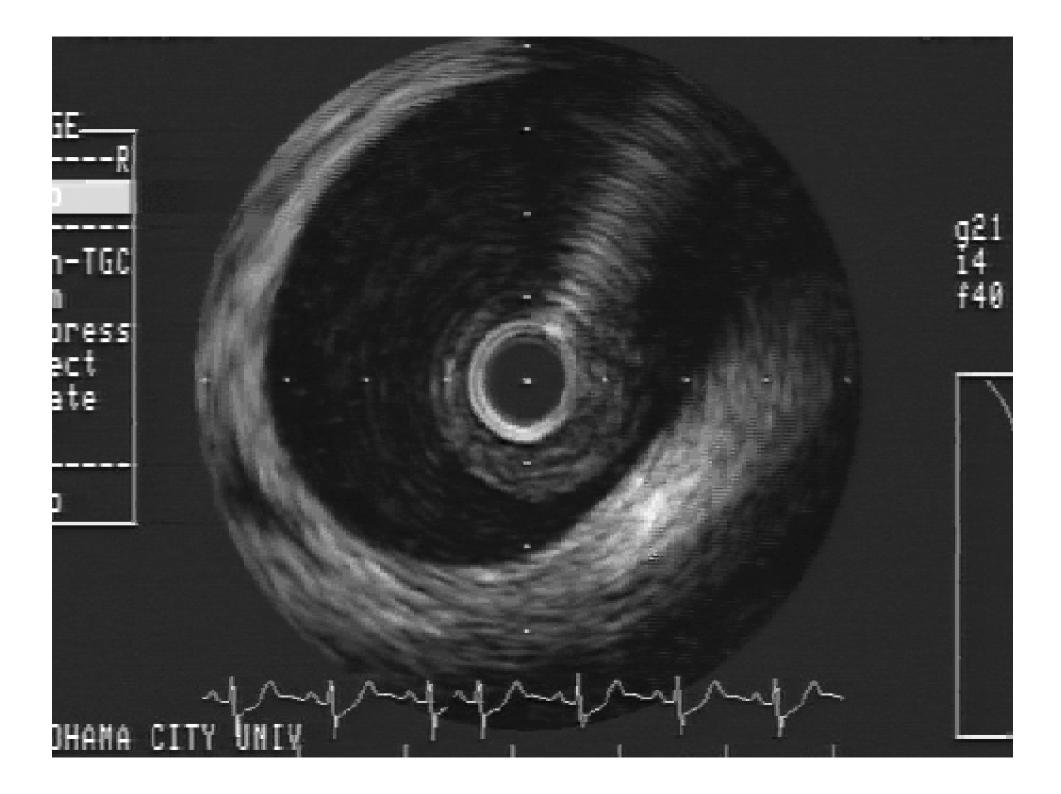
Angiography 1

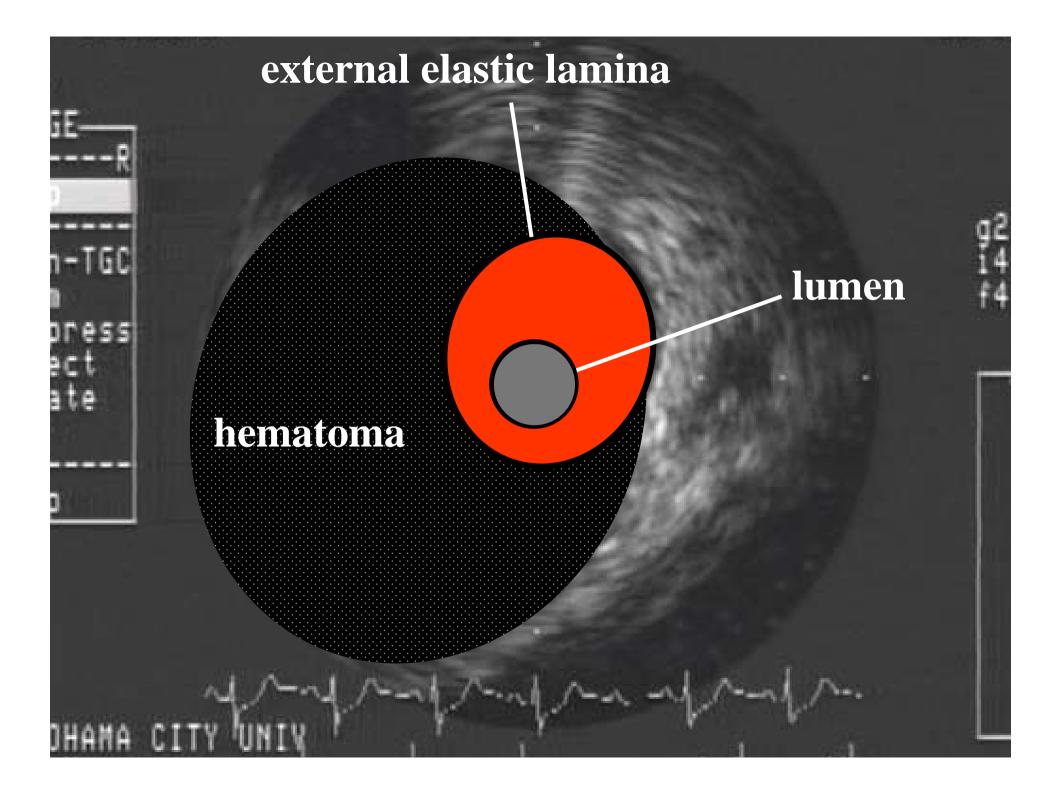


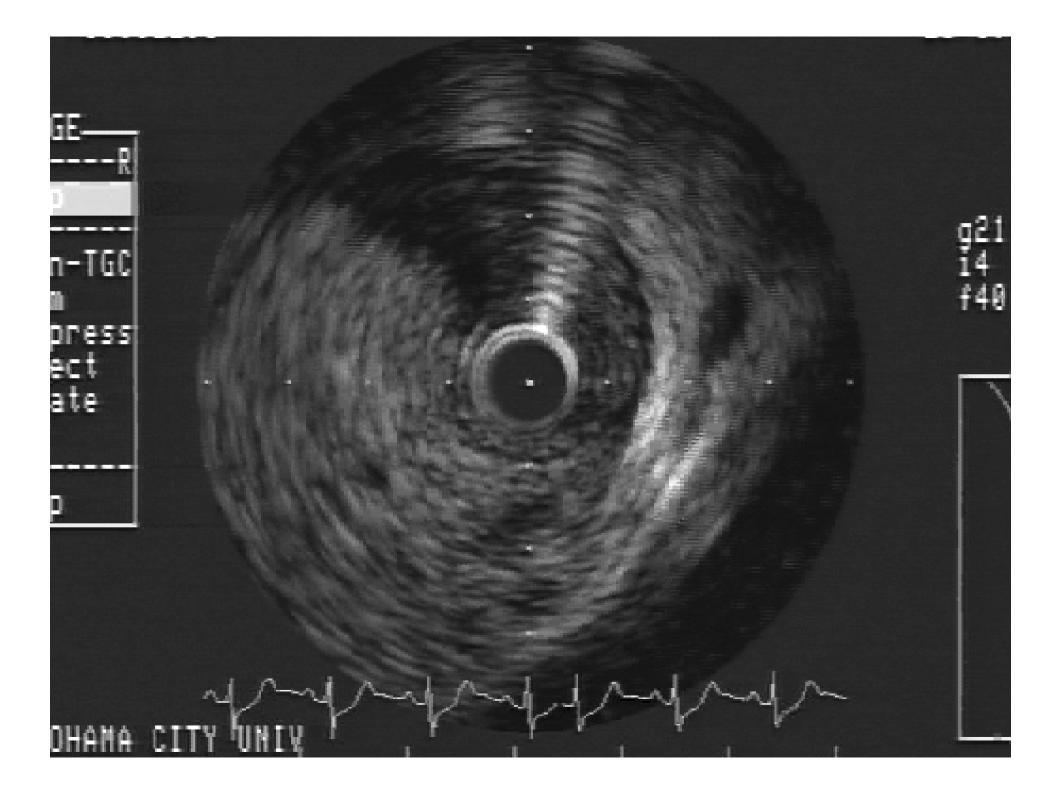
Intravascular Ultrasound 1

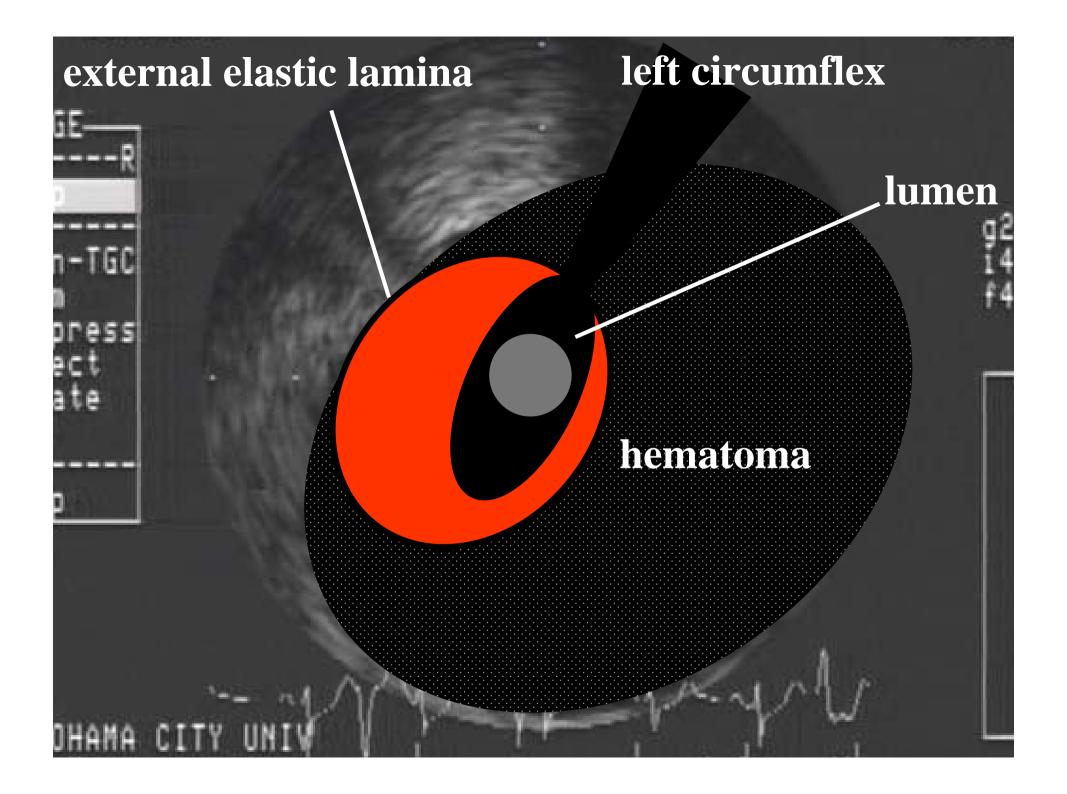


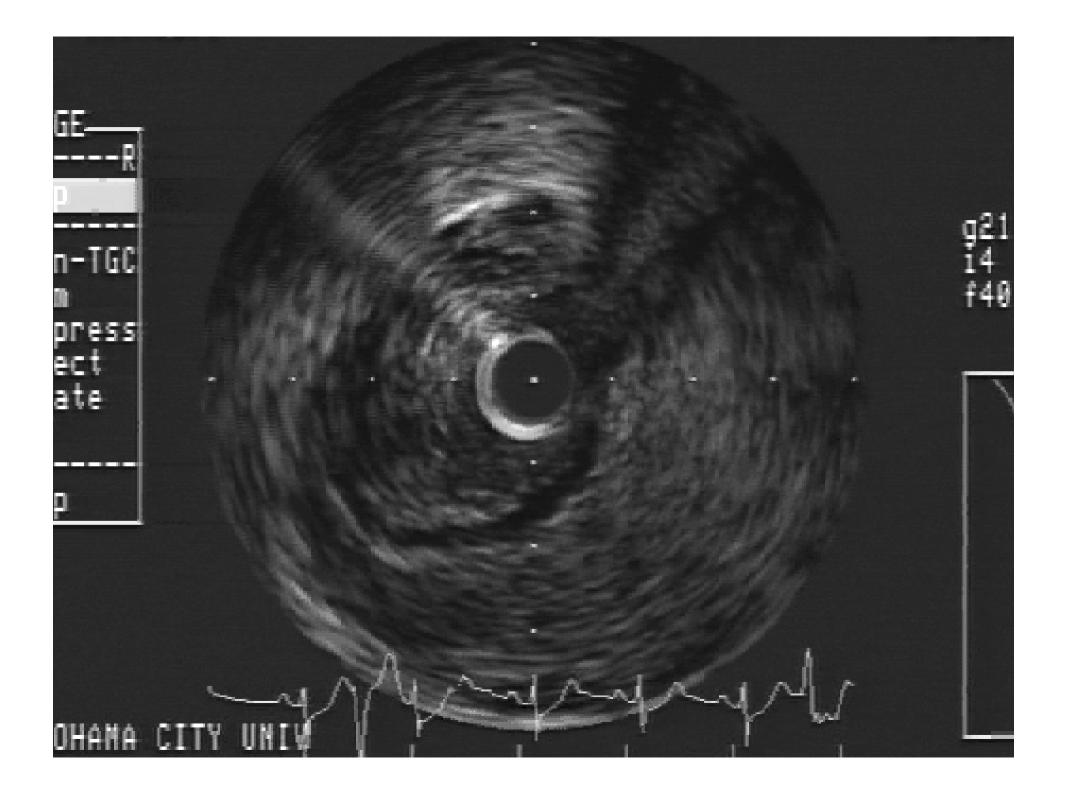








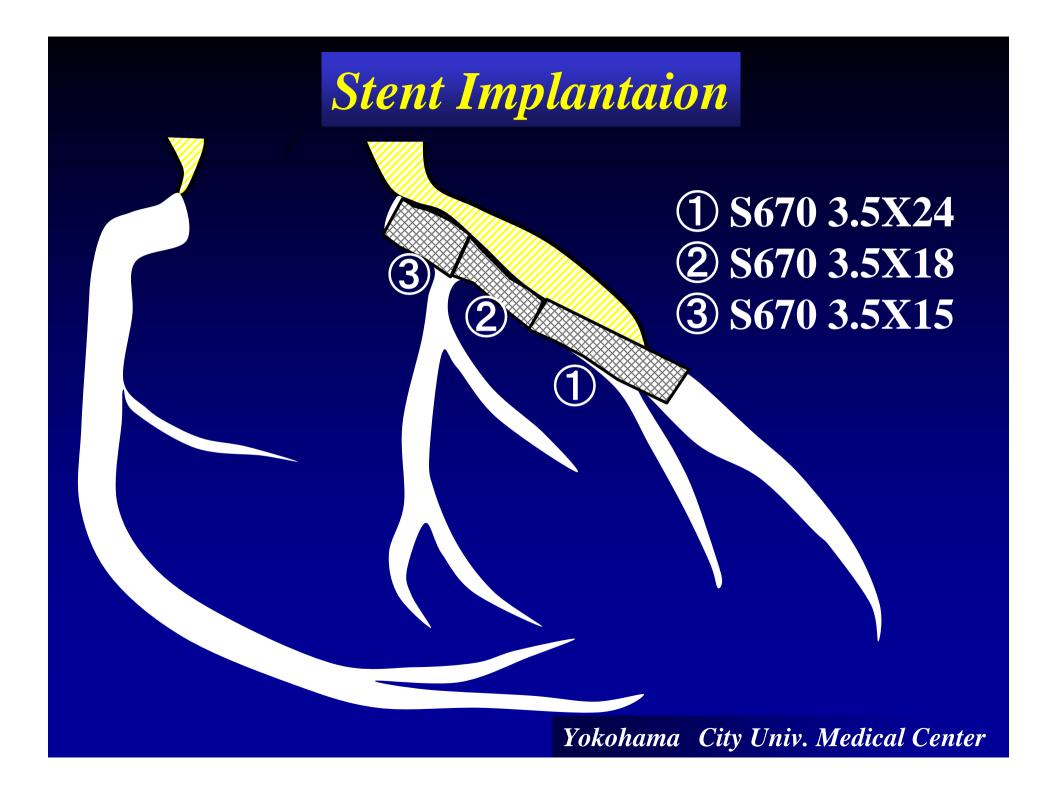




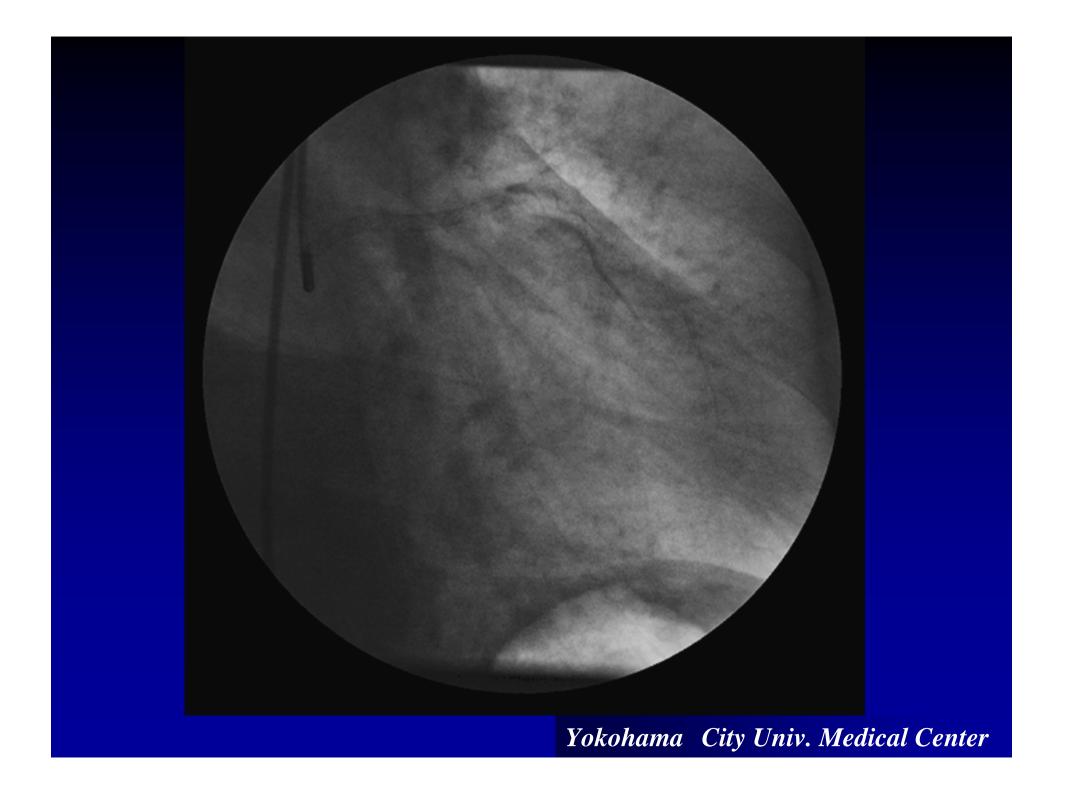
Treatment and process 2

Thus, IVUS before intervention revealed a huge hematoma originating from the aorta and extending into the LAD, diagnostic of type A aortic dissection.

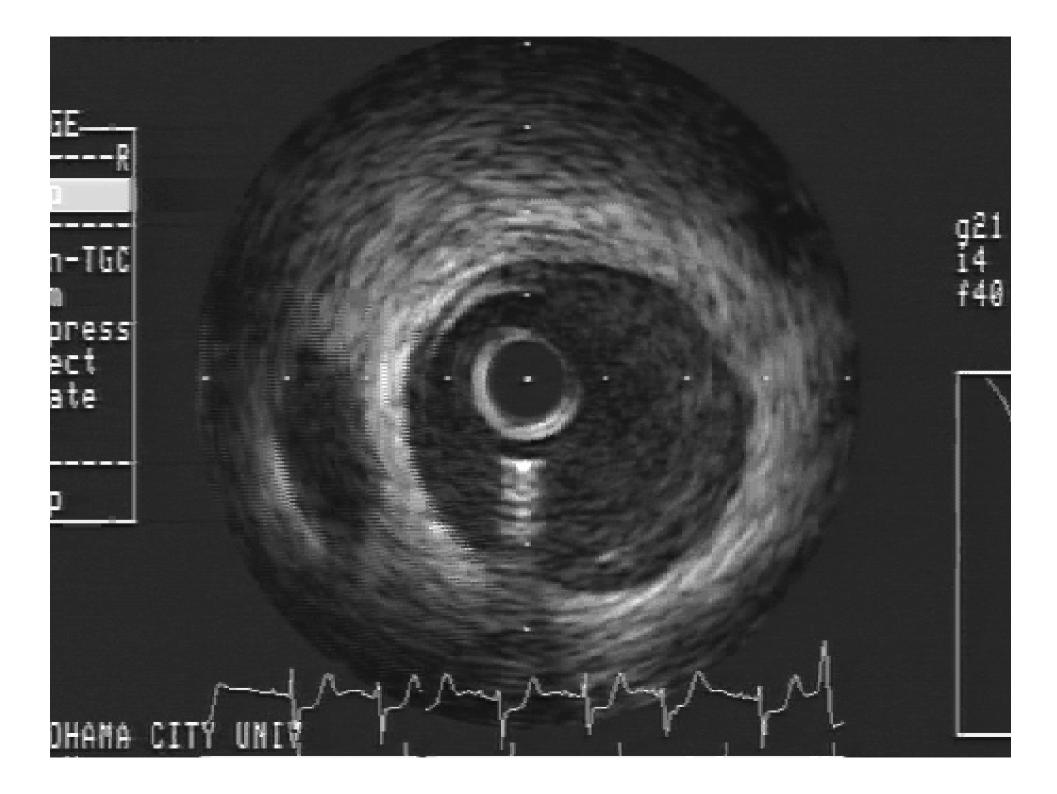
Primary angioplasty was performed successfully with implantation of three stents.

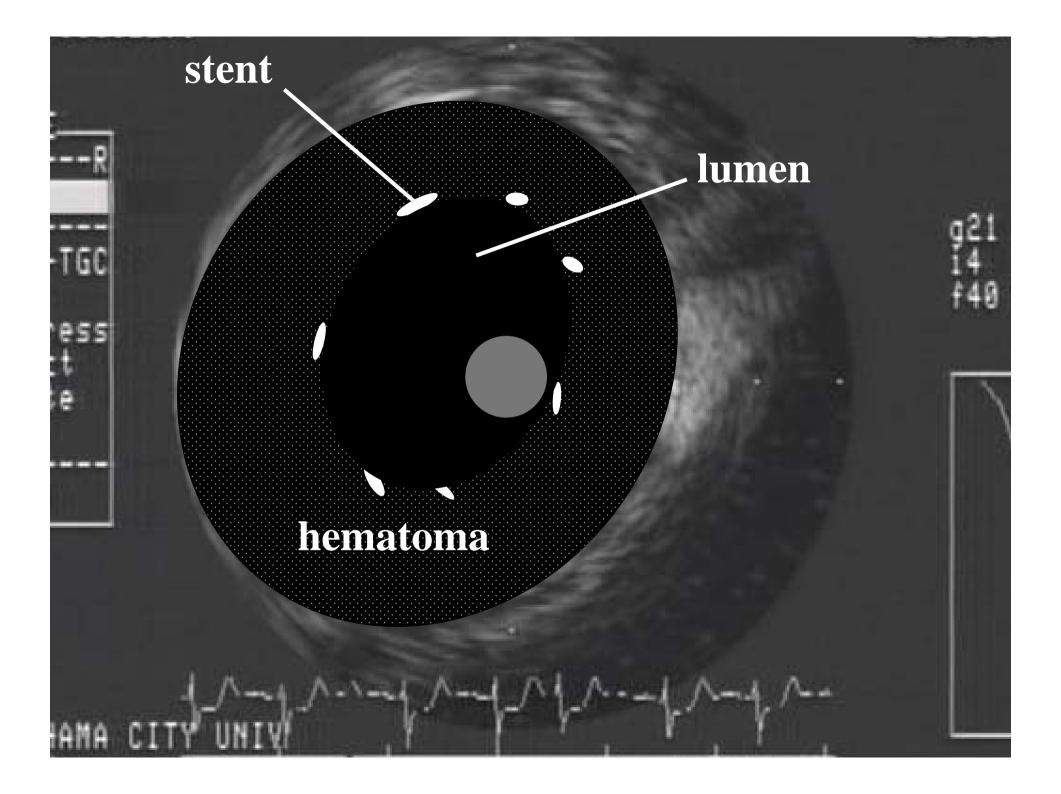


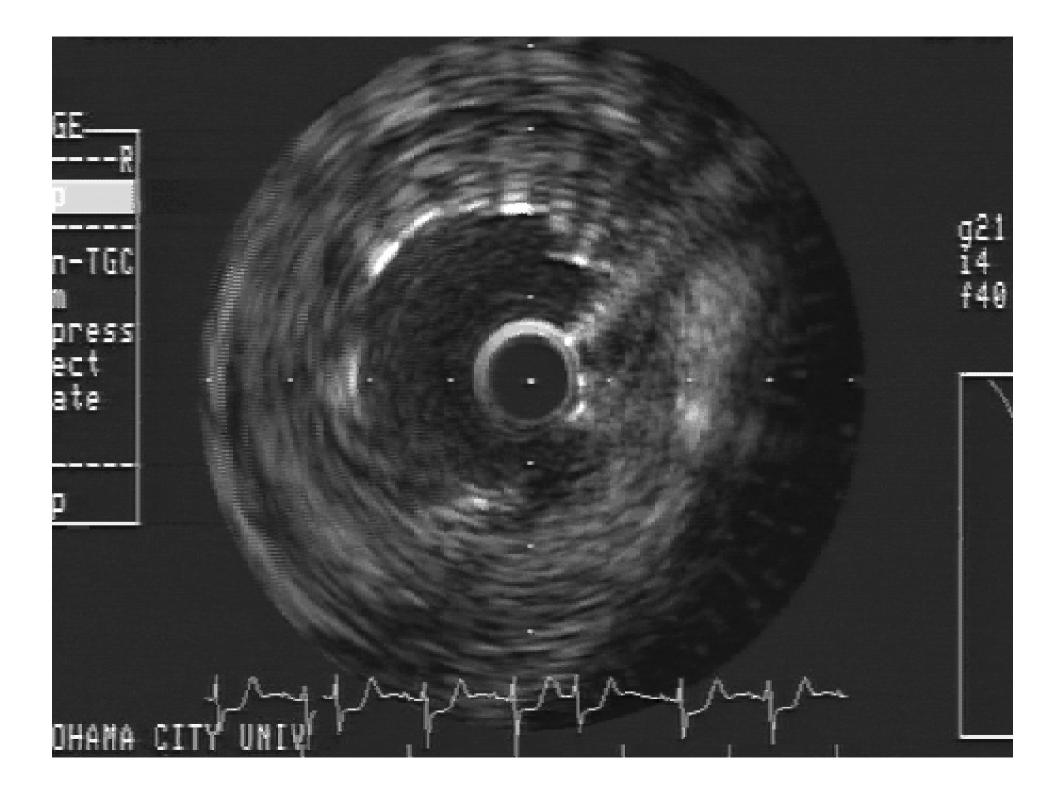
Angiography 2

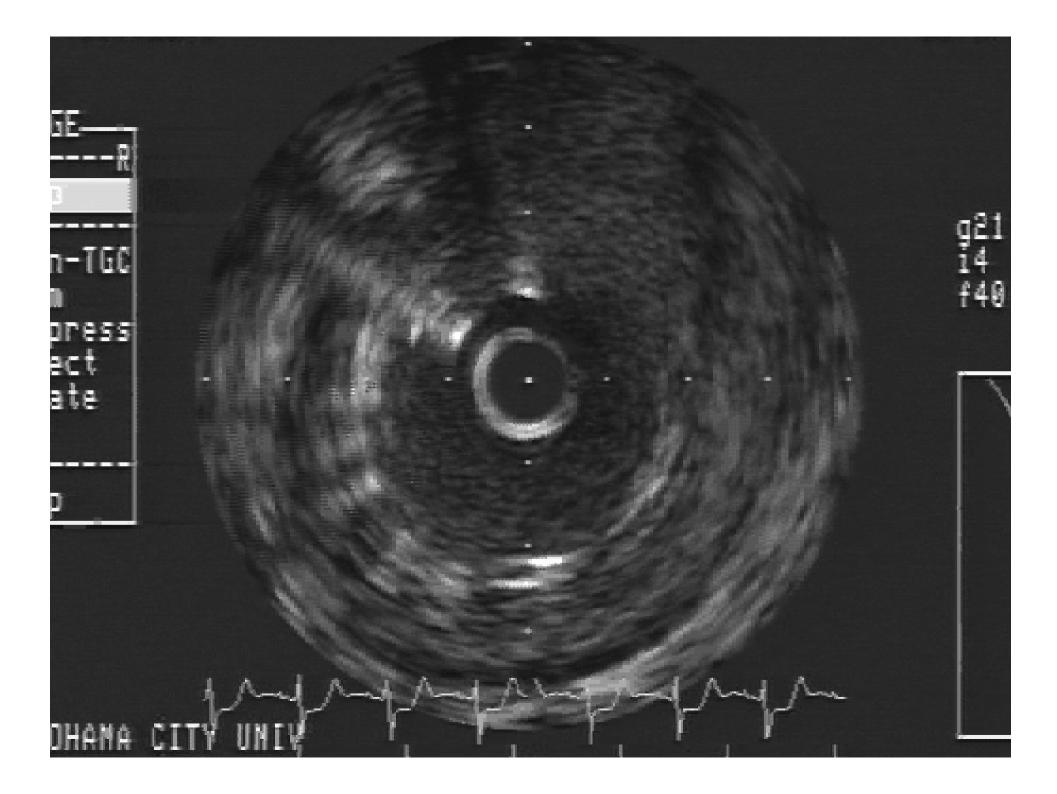


Intravascular Ultrasound 2









Outcome

After percutaneous coronary intervention, the patient's hemodynamics stabilized.

She underwent repair of the aortic dissection with reconstruction of the ascending aorta.

Summary

- We experienced a case of aortic dissection causing anterior acute myocardial infarction.
- IVUS revealed a huge hematoma originating from the aorta and extending into the LAD, permitting the accurate diagnosis of type A aortic dissection as well as the following optimal treatment.